

# Amazon Web Services with HTCondor



HTCondor Week 2017, Madison, Wisconsin



Sanjay Padhi, Ph.D

AWS Research and Technical Computing

[sanpadhi@amazon.com](mailto:sanpadhi@amazon.com)

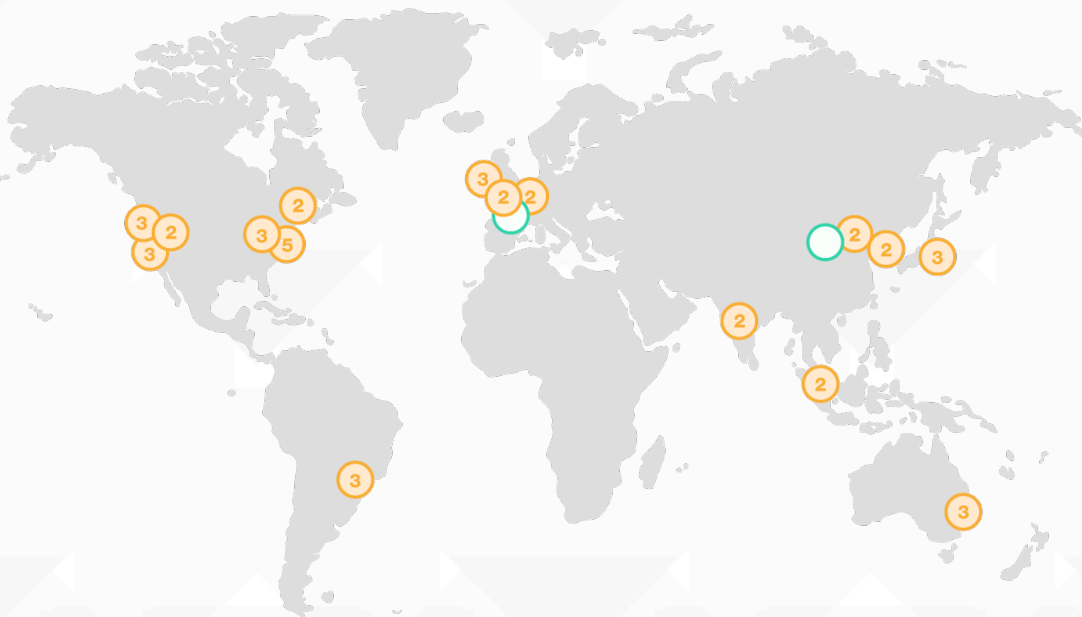


# Today

- Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- Scientific Computing using AWS and HTCondor
- Machine Learning

# AWS Global Infrastructure

16 Regions – 42 Availability Zones – 74 Edge Locations



## Region & Number of Availability Zones

### AWS GovCloud (2)

EU

Ireland (3)

### US West

Frankfurt (2)

Oregon (3)

London (2)

Northern California (3)

### Asia Pacific

### US East

Singapore (2)

N. Virginia (5), Ohio (3)

Sydney (2), Tokyo (3),

Seoul (2), Mumbai (2)

### Canada

Central (2)

### China

Beijing (2)

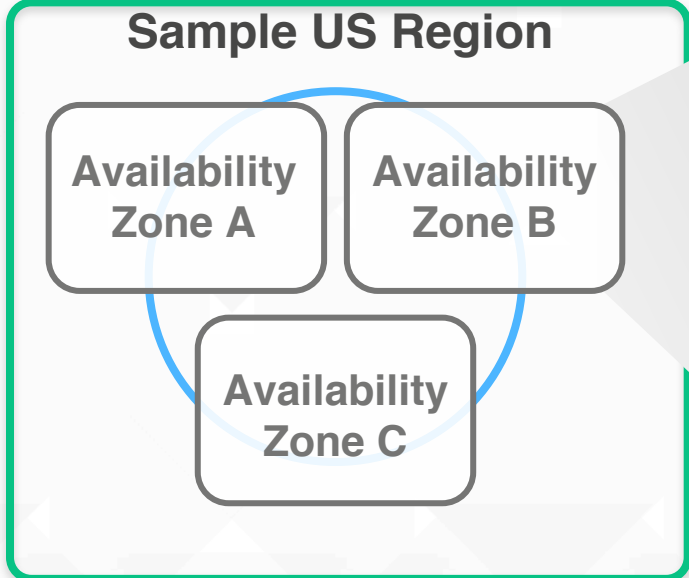
### South America

São Paulo (3)

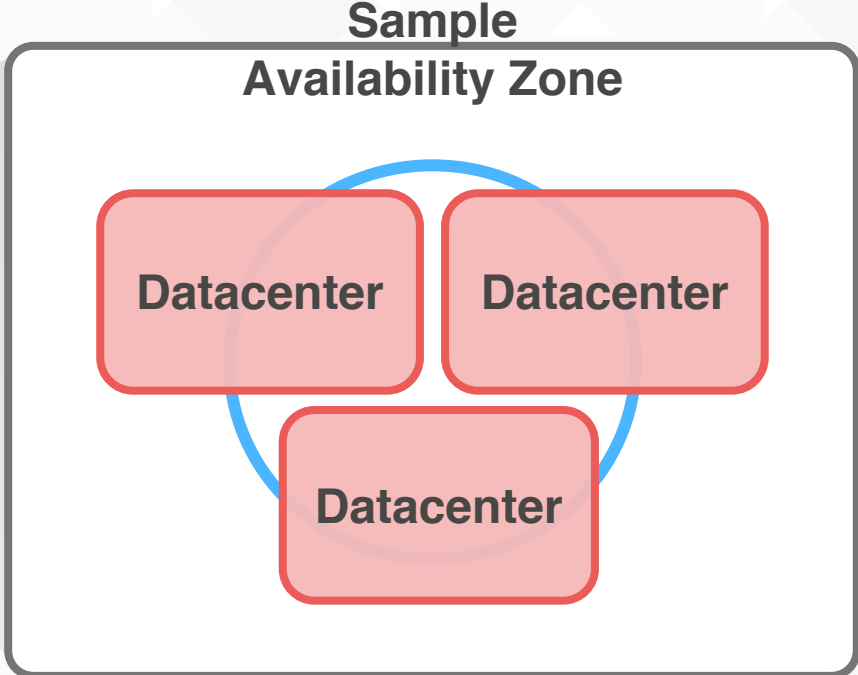
## Announced Regions

Paris, Ningxia

# Zoom In: AWS Region



# Zoom In: AWS AZ



# AWS: Comprehensive Infrastructure Services Platform with 90+ services

## TECHNICAL & BUSINESS SUPPORT

- Support
- Professional Services
- Partner Ecosystem
- Training & Certification
- Solutions Architects
- Account Management
- Security & Pricing Reports

## HYBRID ARCHITECTURE

- Integrated Networking
- Direct Connect
- Identity Federation
- Integrated App Deployments
- Data Backups
- Integrated Resource Management

## MARKETPLACE

- Business Apps
- Business Intelligence
- DevOps Tools
- Security
- Networking
- Databases
- Storage

## ANALYTICS

- Data Warehousing
- Business Intelligence
- Hadoop/Spark
- Streaming Data Analysis
- Streaming Data Collection
- Machine Learning
- Elastic Search

## APP SERVICES

- Queueing & Notifications
- Workflow
- Search
- Email
- Transcoding

## MOBILE SERVICES

- API Gateway
- Identity
- Sync
- Mobile Analytics
- Single Integrated Console
- Push Notifications

## DEVELOPMENT & OPERATIONS

- One-click App Deployment
- DevOps Resource Management
- Application Lifecycle Management
- Containers
- Triggers
- Resource Templates

## IoT

- Rules Engine
- Device Shadows
- Device SDKs
- Device Gateway
- Registry

## ENTERPRISE APPS

- Virtual Desktops
- Sharing & Collaboration
- Corporate Email
- Backup

## SECURITY & COMPLIANCE

- Identity Management
- Access Control
- Key Management & Storage
- Monitoring & Logs
- Configuration Compliance
- Web application firewall
- Assessment and reporting
- Resource & Usage Auditing

## CORE SERVICES

- Compute VMs, Auto-scaling, & Load Balancing
- Storage Object Blocks, Archival, Import/Export
- CDN
- Databases Relational, NoSQL, Caching, Migration
- Networking VPC, DX, DNS

## INFRASTRUCTURE

- Regions
- Availability Zones
- Points of Presence



## AWS GovCloud (US)

### Designed to host sensitive data and regulated workloads in the cloud







- Supports U.S. government compliance requirements, including ITAR and FedRAMP
- Operated by employees who are vetted "U.S. Persons"
- Root account holders are confirmed U.S. Persons
- Available to U.S. government agencies and organizations in government-regulated industries, that meet GovCloud (US) requirements for access






# Architected for Government Security Requirements

				
<b>ISO 9001</b> Global Quality Standard	<b>ISO 27001</b> Security Management Standard	<b>ISO 27017</b> Cloud Specific Controls	<b>ISO 27018</b> Personal Data Protection	<b>PCI DSS Level 1</b> Payment Card Standards

		
<b>SOC 1</b> Audit Controls Report	<b>SOC 2</b> Compliance Controls Report	<b>SOC 3</b> General Controls Report

					
<b>CJIS</b> Criminal Justice Information Services	<b>DoD SRG</b> DoD Data Processing Standards	<b>FDA</b> Food and Drug Administration	<b>FedRAMP</b> Government Data Standards	<b>FedRAMP TIC</b> FedRAMP-Trusted Internet Connection	<b>FERPA</b> Educational Privacy Act

					
<b>FIPS</b> Government Security Standards	<b>FISMA</b> Federal Information Security Management	<b>GXP</b> Quality Guidelines and Regulations	<b>HIPAA</b> Protected Health Information	<b>SEC Rule 17a-4(f)</b> Financial Data Standards	<b>ITAR</b> International Arms Regulations

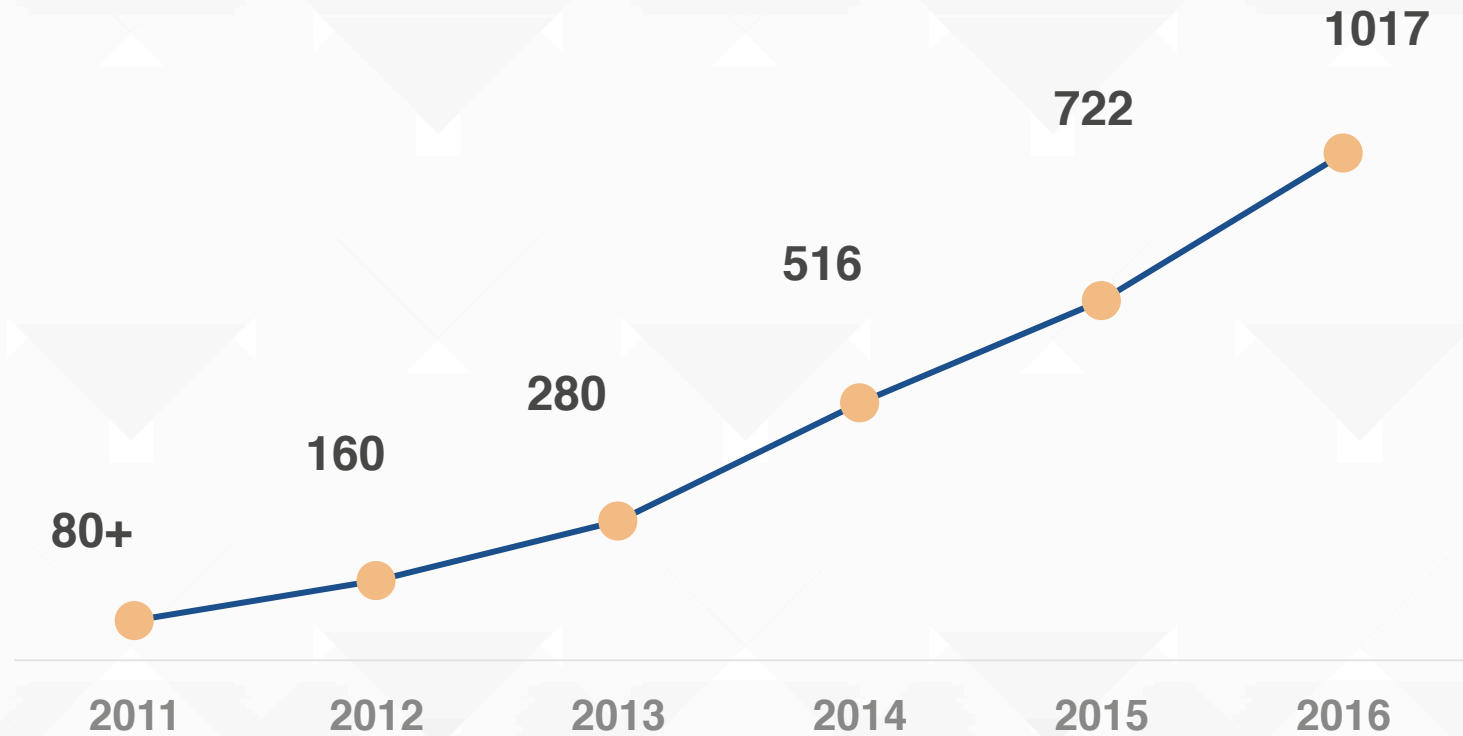
				
<b>FISC [Japan]</b> Financial Industry Information Systems	<b>IRAP [Australia]</b> Australian Security Standards	<b>MLPS Level 3 [China]</b> Multi-Level Protection	<b>MTCS Tier 3 [Singapore]</b> Multi-Tier Cloud Security Standard	<b>My Number Act [Japan]</b> Personal Information Protection

					
<b>DNB [Netherlands]</b> Dutch Financial Regulations	<b>EU Data Protection</b> Data Protection Framework	<b>G-Cloud [UK]</b> UK Government Standards	<b>IT-Grundschutz [Germany]</b> Baseline Protection Methodology	<b>Privacy Shield</b> EU-US Data Transfer	<b>UK Cyber Essentials Plus</b> Cyber Threat Protection

<https://aws.amazon.com/compliance/>

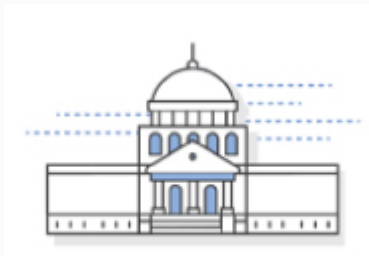


# AWS: Pace of Innovation





# AWS in the Public Sector



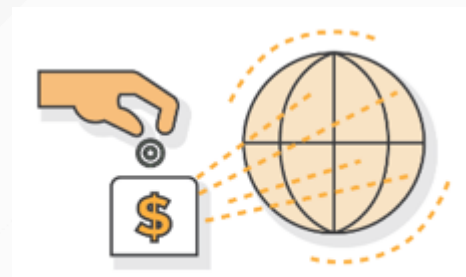
**2,300+**

government  
agencies



**7,000+**

educational  
institutions



**22,000+**

nonprofit  
organizations

# Compute Services

Virtual Server Hosting, Container management, and Serverless Computing



## Amazon EC2

Provides resizable cloud-based compute capacity in the form of EC2 instances, which are equivalent to virtual servers



## Amazon EC2 Container Service

A highly scalable, high performance container management service



## AWS Lambda

Run code without thinking about servers.

bankinter.

airbnb NETFLIX



Jet Propulsion Laboratory  
California Institute of Technology

Time Inc.

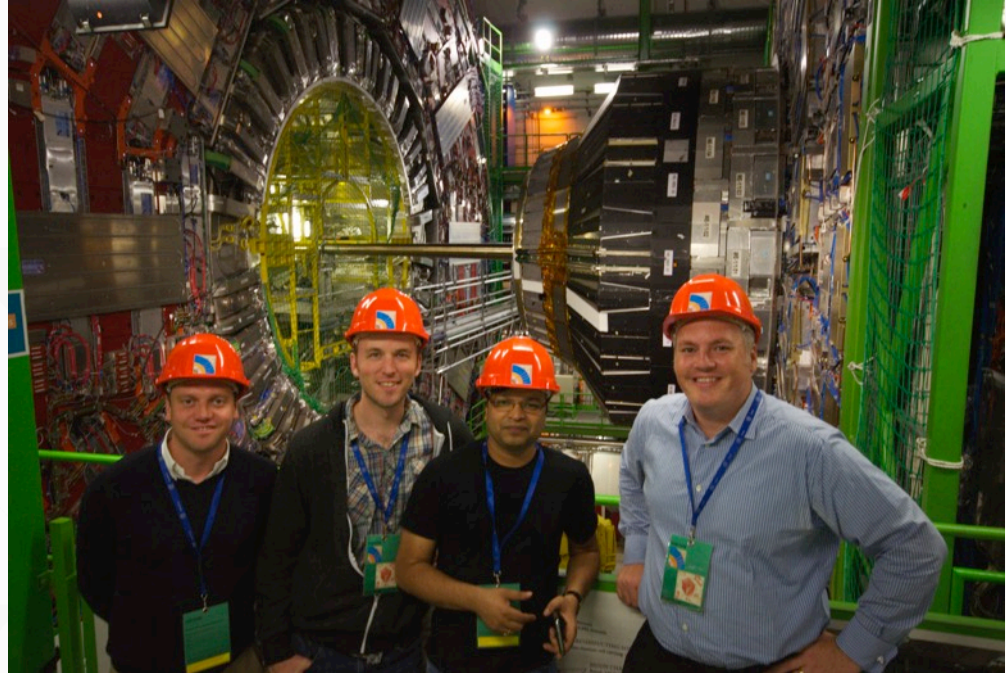


# Scientific Computing using AWS and HTCondor

# Large Hadron Collider

The Large Hadron Collider @ CERN includes 6,000+ researchers from over 40 countries and produces approximately 25PB of data each year.

The ATLAS and CMS experiments are using AWS for Monte Carlo simulations, processing, and analysis of LHC data.



# CMS Detector

- **80 Million electronic channels**

x 4 bytes  
x 40MHz

-----  
~ **10 Petabytes/sec** of information  
x 1/1000 zero-suppression  
x 1/100,000 online event filtering

-----  
~ 100-1000 Megabytes/sec raw data to tape  
**1 to 10 Petabytes of raw data per year**  
**written to tape, not counting simulations.**

- **2000 Scientists** (1200 Ph.D. in physics)

– ~ 180 Institutions  
– ~ 40 countries

- 12,500 tons, 21m long, 16m diameter

## SILICON TRACKER

Pixels ( $100 \times 150 \mu\text{m}^2$ )  
~1m<sup>2</sup> ~66M channels  
Microstrips (80-180 $\mu\text{m}$ )  
~200m<sup>2</sup> ~9.6M channels

## CRYSTAL ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETER (ECAL)

~76k scintillating PbWO<sub>4</sub> crystals

## PRESHOWER

Silicon strips  
~16m<sup>2</sup> ~137k channels

## SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID

Niobium-titanium coil  
carrying ~18000 A

## HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)

Brass + plastic scintillator  
~7k channels

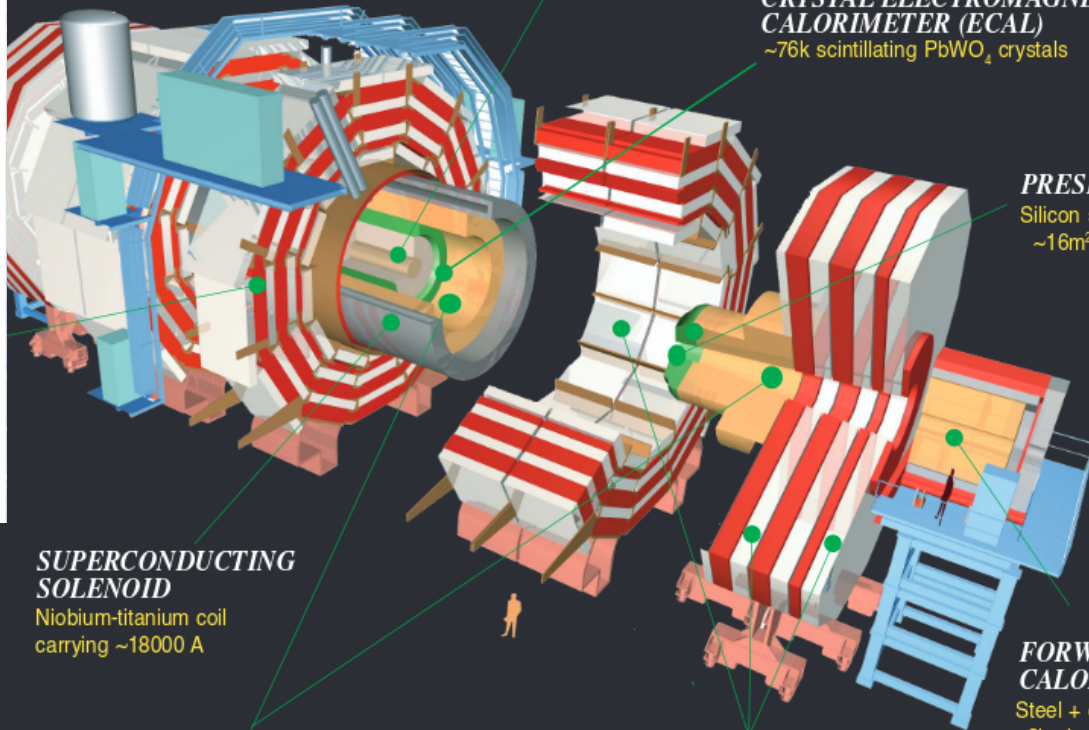
## FORWARD CALORIMETER

Steel + quartz fibres  
~2k channels

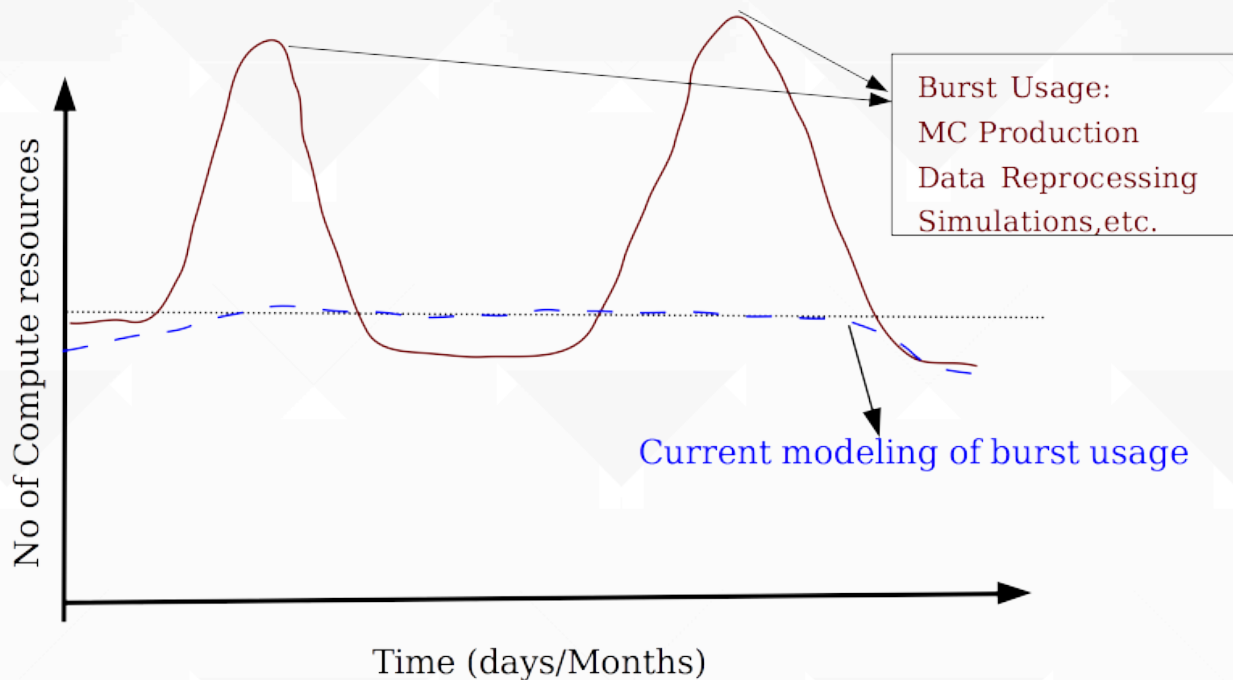
## MUON CHAMBERS

Barrel: 250 Drift Tube & 480 Resistive Plate Chambers  
Endcaps: 473 Cathode Strip & 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

Total weight : 14000 tonnes  
Overall diameter : 15.0 m  
Overall length : 28.7 m  
Magnetic field : 3.8 T



# Clouds provided elasticity in computing



Finite number of resources by the experiments (Compute as well as Storage)

“Burst” usage is modeled using delays (~months) due to (re)processing capabilities

Elasticity in the system is really essential

# Tutorial for Scientific Computing using Amazon

Monday 2 Feb 2015, 08:00 → 18:00 Europe/Zurich

30-7-018 - Kjell Johnsen Auditorium (CERN)

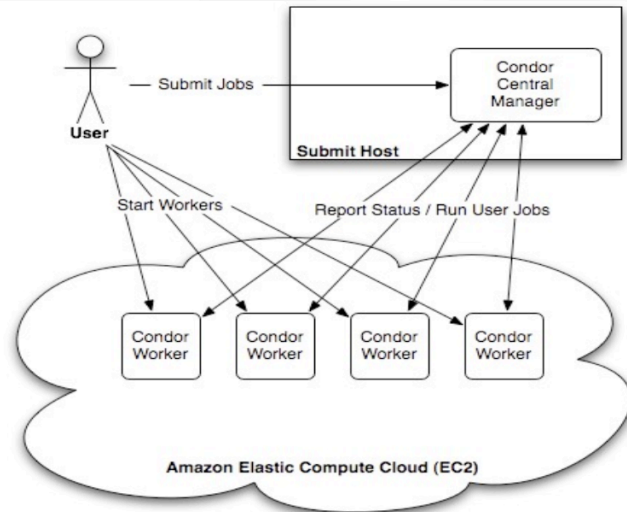
Maria Girone (CERN) , Sanjay Padhi (Univ. of California San Diego (US))

Task name: 150131\_105339\_crab3test99:mmascher\_crab\_tutorial\_MC\_analysis\_test1  
Task status: SUBMITTED  
Glideon monitoring URL: [http://glidemon.web.cern.ch/glidemon/jobs.php?taskname=150131\\_105339\\_crab3test99:mmascher\\_crab\\_tutorial\\_MC\\_analysis\\_test1](http://glidemon.web.cern.ch/glidemon/jobs.php?taskname=150131_105339_crab3test99:mmascher_crab_tutorial_MC_analysis_test1)  
Dashboard monitoring URL: [http://dashb-cms-job.cern.ch/dashboard/templates/task-analysis/#user=mmascher\\_crab\\_tutorial\\_MC\\_analysis\\_test1](http://dashb-cms-job.cern.ch/dashboard/templates/task-analysis/#user=mmascher_crab_tutorial_MC_analysis_test1)

Details:  
finished 5.6% ( 1/18)  
idle 88.9% (16/18)  
running 5.6% ( 1/18)

Publication status: finished 5.6% ( 1/18)  
unsubmitted 94.4% (17/18)

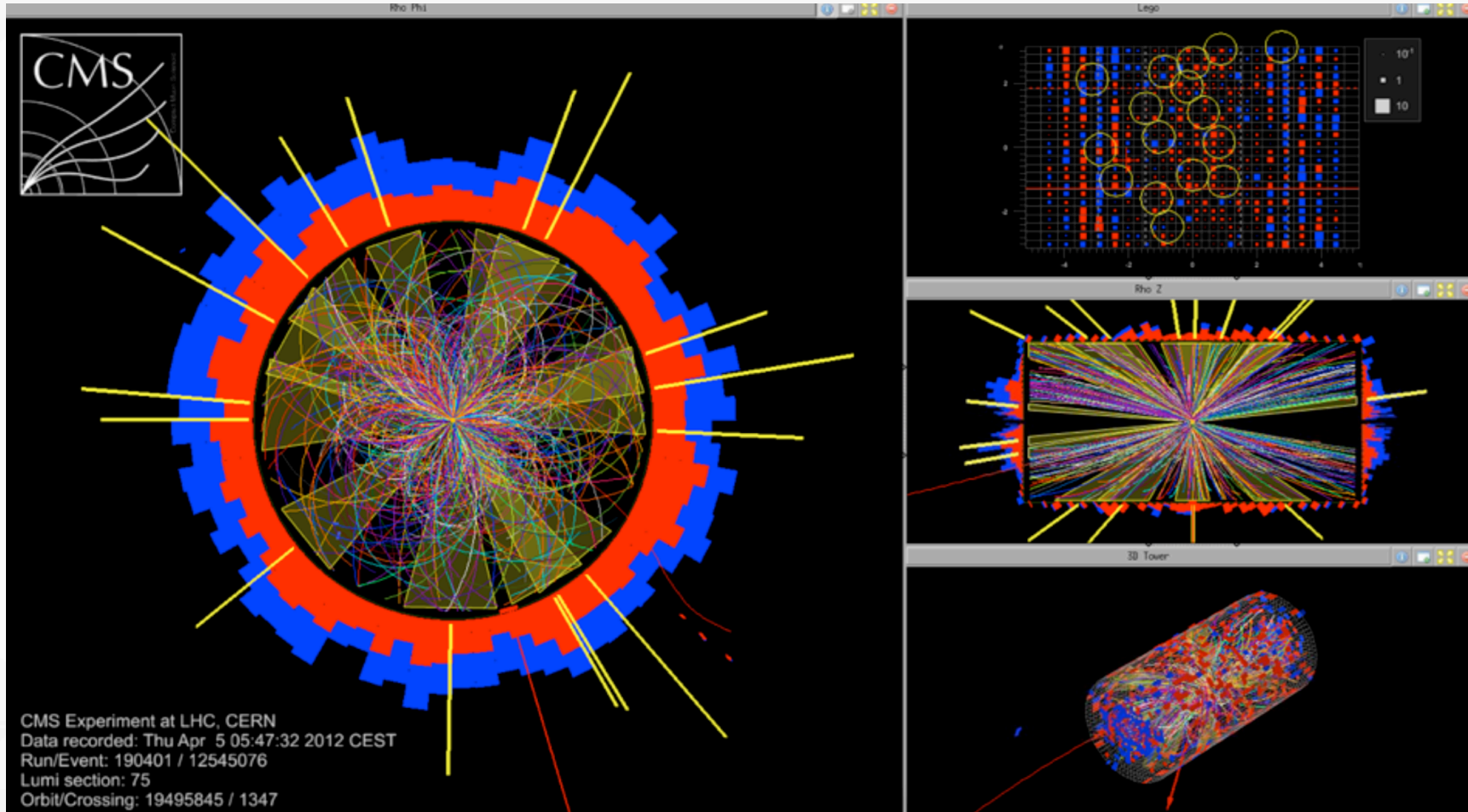
Output dataset: /GenericTTbar/mmasher-CRAB3\_tutorial\_MC\_analysis\_test1-37773c17ce2994cf16892d5f04945e41/USER  
Output dataset url: [https://cmsweb.cern.ch/das/request?input=%2FGenericTTbar%2Fmmascher-CRAB3\\_tutorial\\_MC\\_analysis\\_test1-37773c17ce2994cf16892d5f04945e41/USER](https://cmsweb.cern.ch/das/request?input=%2FGenericTTbar%2Fmmascher-CRAB3_tutorial_MC_analysis_test1-37773c17ce2994cf16892d5f04945e41/USER)  
nce=prod%2Fphys03



Start » [mmascher] » Tasks » Jobs

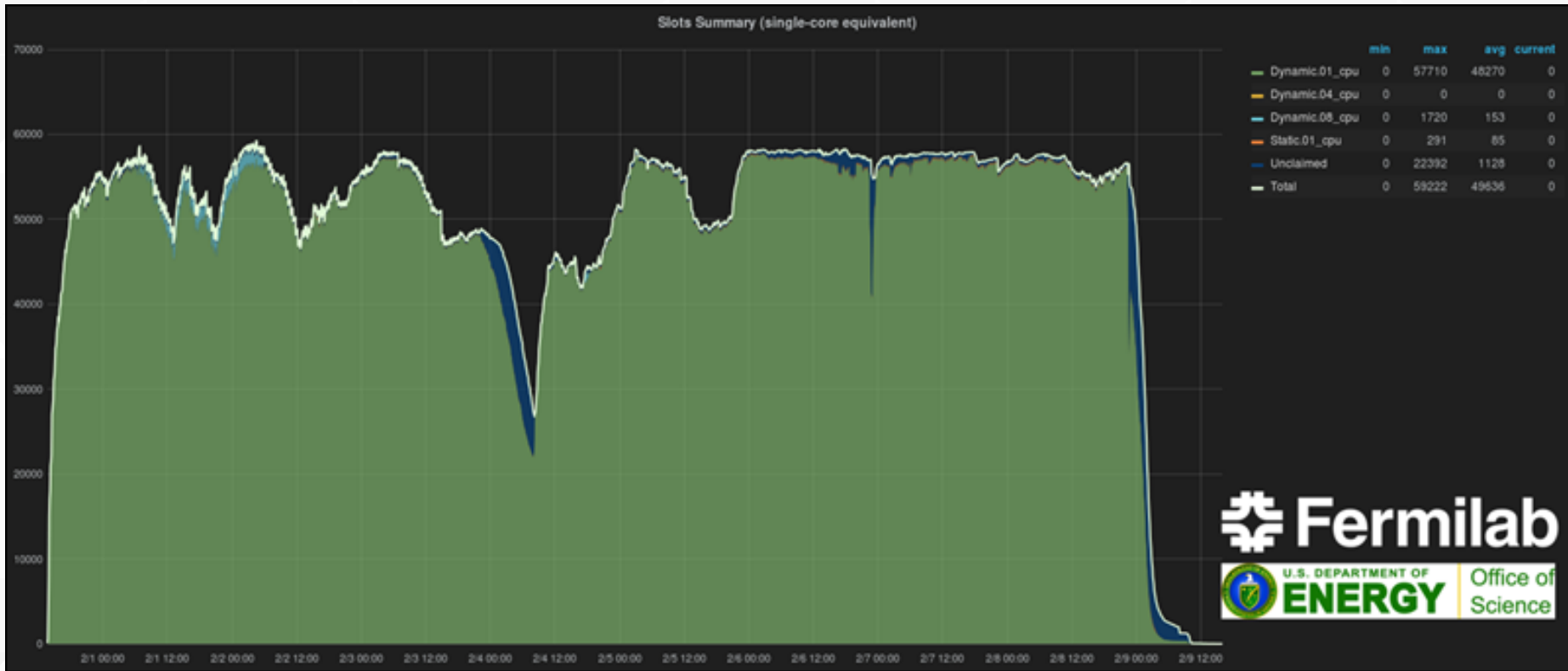
Task: 150131_105339_crab3test99:mmascher_crab_tutorial_MC_analysis_test1 NJobTotal: 18 Pending: 16 Running: 1 Unknown: 0 Cancelled: 0 Success: 1 Failed: 0 WNPostProc: 0 ToRetry: 0											
ID	Status	AppExitCode	Site	Retries	Submitted	Started	Finished	Wall Time	Job Log	File Access	FTS File Status
1	finished	0	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	2015-01-31T10:55:41	2015-01-31T13:02:04	02:06:23	Job Log, Job Log JSON, Post Job Log	File Info	N/A
Attempt No.	Restarts No.	Error Code/ Details		Job Status	Site	Submitted	Started	Finished	Wall Time	Job Log	
1	1	0 / Application finished properly		finished	unknown	2015-01-31T10:54:26	2015-01-31T10:55:41	2015-01-31T13:02:04	02:06:23	Job Log, Job Log JSON, Post Job Log	
Postprocessing step finished properly											
2	running	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	2015-01-31T13:06:38	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A
3	pending	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	1970-01-01T00:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A
4	pending	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	1970-01-01T00:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A
5	pending	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	1970-01-01T00:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A
6	pending	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	1970-01-01T00:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A
7	pending	N/A	unknown	1	2015-01-31T10:54:26	1970-01-01T00:00:00	1970-01-01T00:00:00	00:00:00	Not available	File Info	N/A

# Streaming data interaction every 25 nano sec – Occupancy (Finding patterns)





# HepCloud : CMS Workflow at Fermilab (Auto-expansion to AWS using HTCondor)



~60,000 slots using AWS spot instances. **A factor of 5 larger than Fermilab capacity!**

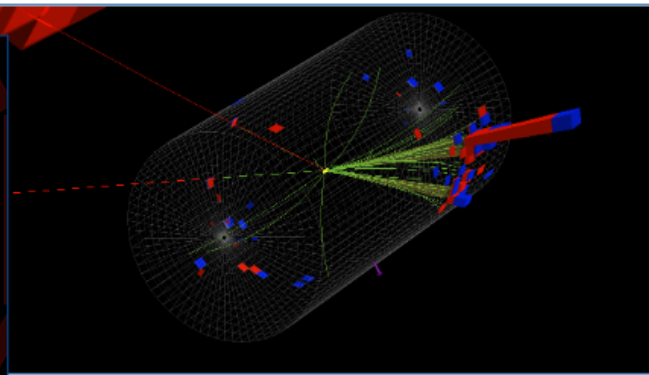
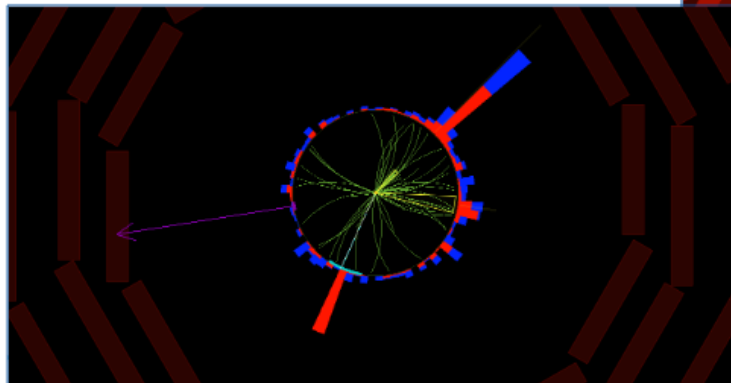
<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/experiment-that-discovered-the-higgs-boson-uses-aws-to-probe-nature/>



## Results from the CMS Use Case

- All CMS requests fulfilled for the “Moriond” conference
  - 2.9 million jobs, 15.1 million wall hours
    - 9.5% badput – includes preemption from spot pricing
    - 87% CPU efficiency
  - 518 million events generated

```
/DYJetsToLL_M-50_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8/RunIIFall15DR76-PU25nsData2015v1_76X_mcRun2_asymptotic_v12_ext4-v1/AODSIM  
/DYJetsToLL_M-10to50_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8/RunIIFall15DR76-PU25nsData2015v1_76X_mcRun2_asymptotic_v12_ext3-v1/AODSIM  
/TTJets_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8/RunIIFall15DR76-PU25nsData2015v1_76X_mcRun2_asymptotic_v12_ext1-v1/AODSIM  
/WJetsToLNu_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8/RunIIFall15DR76-PU25nsData2015v1_76X_mcRun2_asymptotic_v12_ext4-v1/AODSIM
```



# ATLAS Workflow in Cloud – At Scale and Low Cost

- Joint project between AWS, BNL and ESNET
- Investigate the technical and financial feasibility of large-scale usage of Cloud
- AWS: Provided expertise & guidance
- BNL: ATLAS compatible VMs, provisioning infrastructure, VM life management
- ESNET: High performance connectivity between AWS and US site



## M. Ernst: Director of the RHIC and ATLAS Computing Facility, Brookhaven National Laboratory

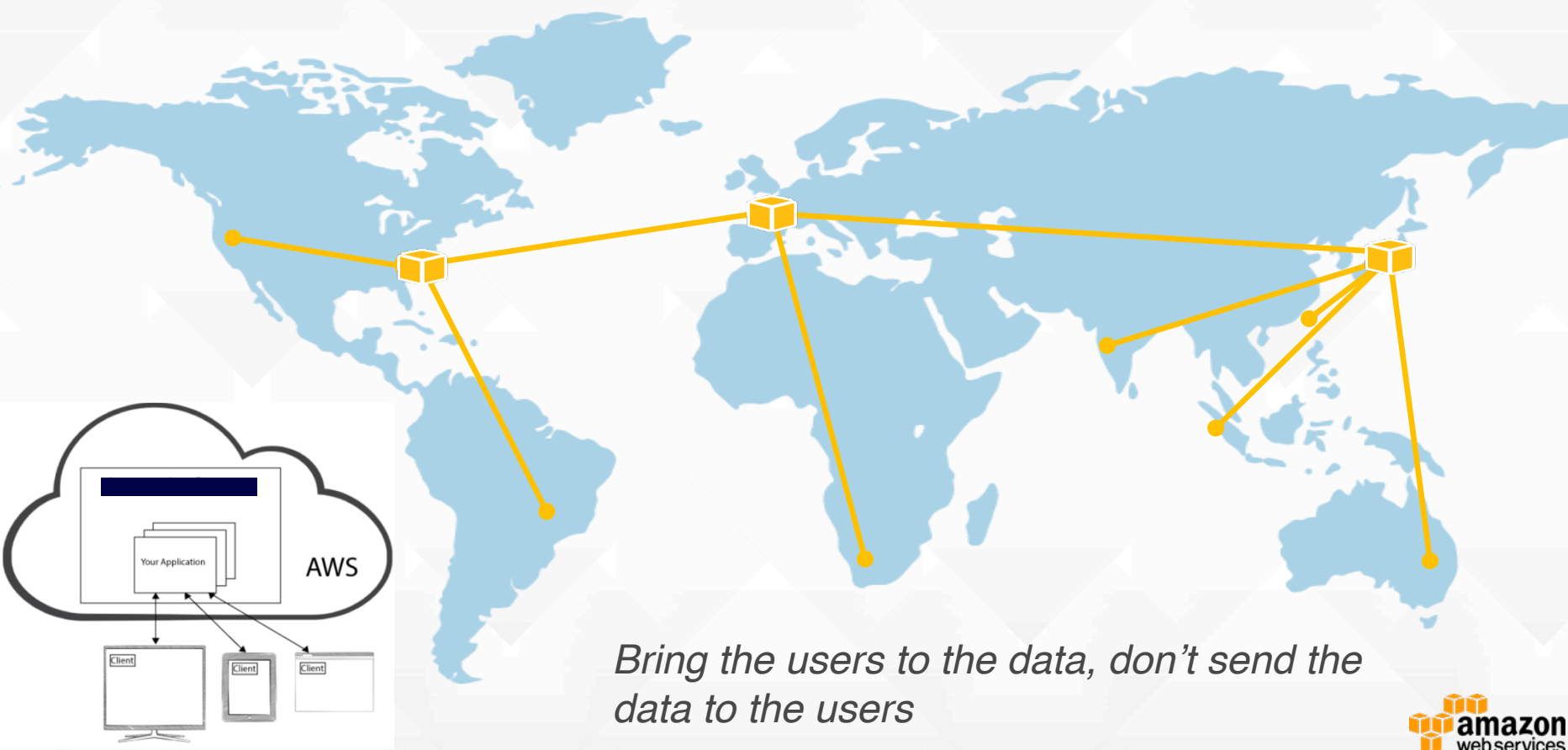
*“ATLAS has met the challenge of data intensive computing at a scale not seen before”*

*“The joint project with the AWS Scientific Computing Team and ESnet has been crucial to the successful implementation”*

*“The cost of AWS/EC2 spot is slightly lower than dedicated farm resources at BNL”*

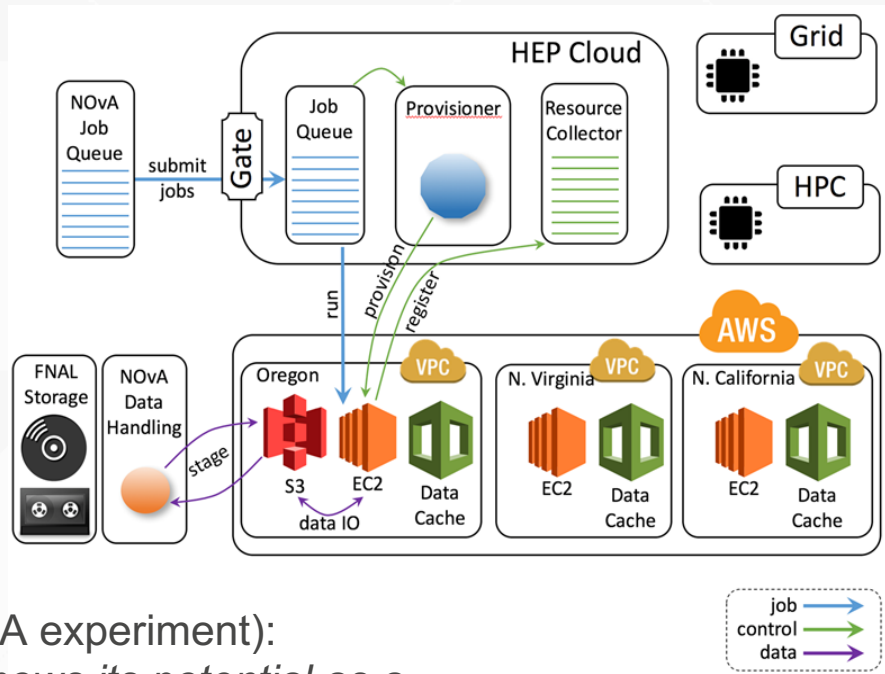
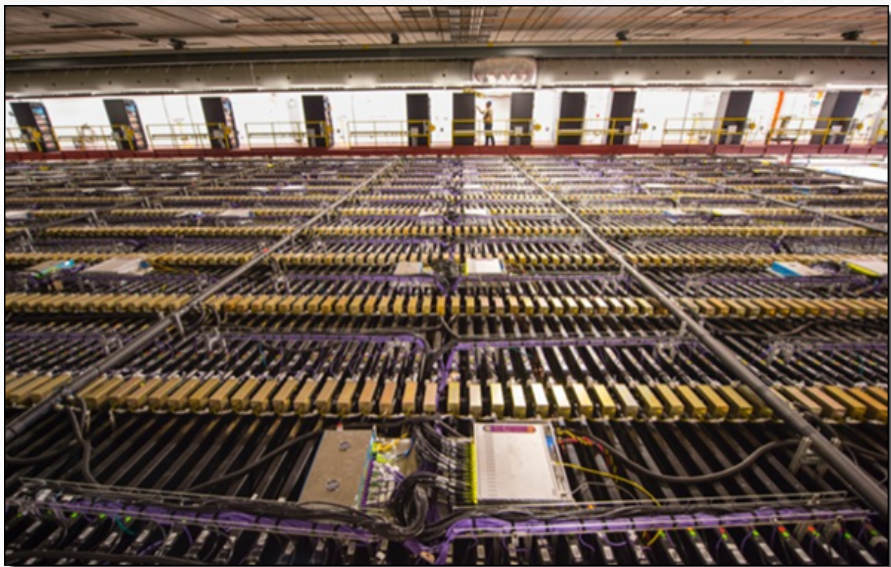
[www.informationweek.com/cloud/infrastructure-as-a-service/brookhaven-lab-finds-aws-spot-instances-hit-sweet-spot/d/d-id/1324145](http://www.informationweek.com/cloud/infrastructure-as-a-service/brookhaven-lab-finds-aws-spot-instances-hit-sweet-spot/d/d-id/1324145)

# Enabling Global Collaboration



*Bring the users to the data, don't send the data to the users*

# NOvA uses AWS to Shed Light on Neutrino Mysteries



[Peter Shanahan](#) (Co-spokesperson of the NOvA experiment):

*“Our experience with Amazon Web Services shows its potential as a reliable way to meet our peak data processing needs at times of high demand”*

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/nova-uses-aws-to-shed-light-on-neutrino-mysteries/>

Neutrinos are ghost like particles → Needed advanced ML analytics to detect

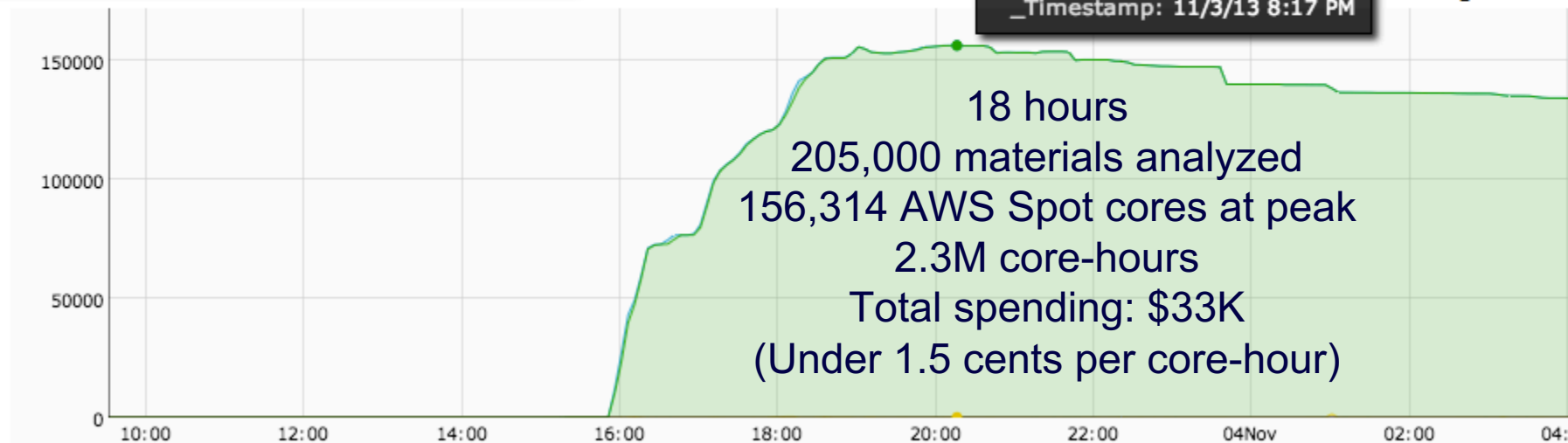
# Scalability using AWS

Metric	Count
Compute Hours of Work	2,312,959 hours
Compute Days of Work	96,373 days
Compute Years of Work	264 years
Molecule Count	205,000 materials
Run Time	< 18 hours
Max Scale (cores)	156,314 cores across 8 regions
Max Scale (instances)	16,788 instances

Reporting Monitoring

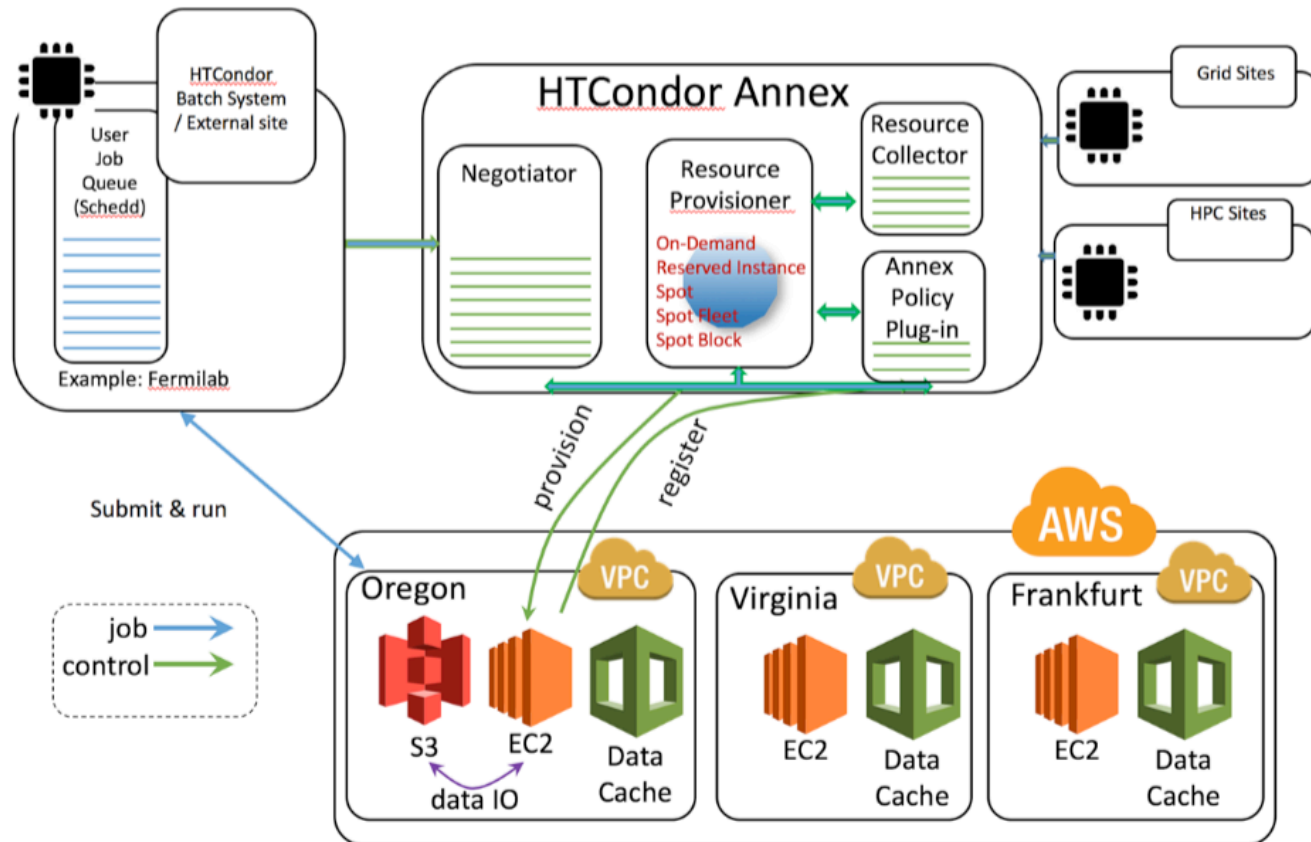
Pending: 56  
**Running: 156314**  
Shutting-down: 126  
Total Cores: 32684  
\_Timestamp: 11/3/13 8:17 PM

Running Cores: 5



# Development of HTCondor Annex

## Architectural design



# Machine Learning

Amazon AI: <https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-ai/>

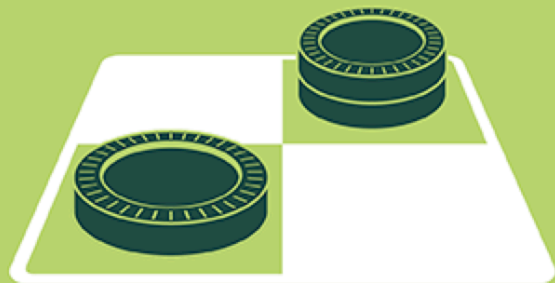
Amazon Machine Learning: <https://aws.amazon.com/machine-learning/>

AWS Deep Learning AMI: <https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/ai/the-aws-deep-learning-ami-now-with-ubuntu/>



# ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Early artificial intelligence stirs excitement.



# MACHINE LEARNING

Machine learning begins to flourish.



# DEEP LEARNING

Deep learning breakthroughs drive AI boom.



1950's

1960's

1970's

1980's

1990's

2000's

2010's

# Machine Learning

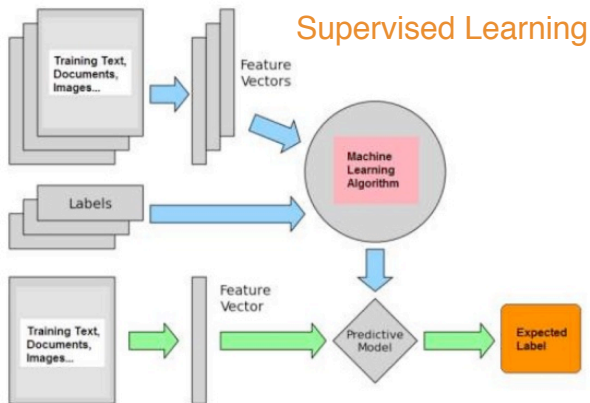
	<i>Supervised Learning</i>	<i>Unsupervised Learning</i>
<i>Discrete</i>	classification or categorization	clustering
<i>Continuous</i>	regression	dimensionality reduction

## Supervised Learning:

- Learning from “labelled data”
- Classification, Regression, Prediction, Function Approx

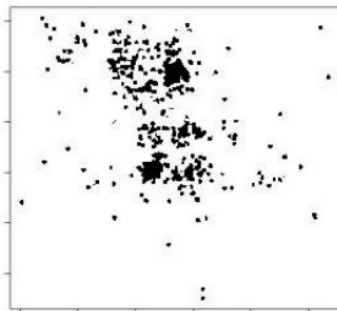
## Unsupervised Learning:

- Method to find similar groups in the data clusters
- Groups that are similar to near clusters
- Groups different far away from each other

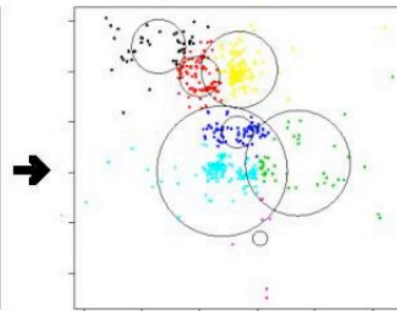


## Unsupervised Learning

Raw Data

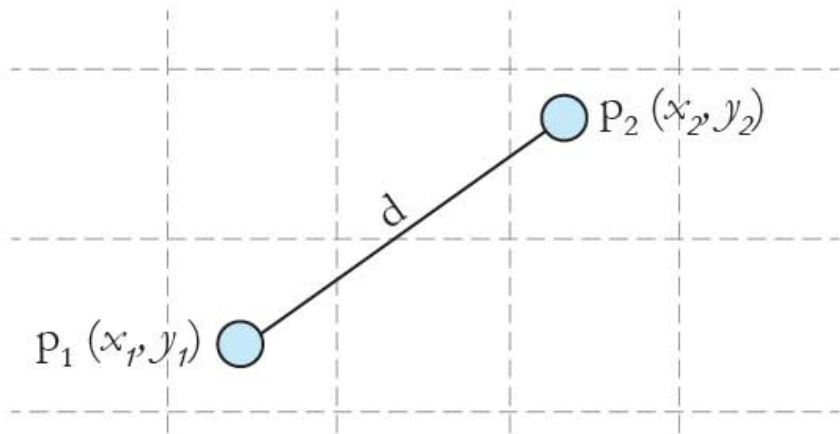


Clustered Data



# Machine Learning (Classification, Regression and Ranking) :

## Euclidean Distance Score



$$\text{Euclidean distance (d)} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

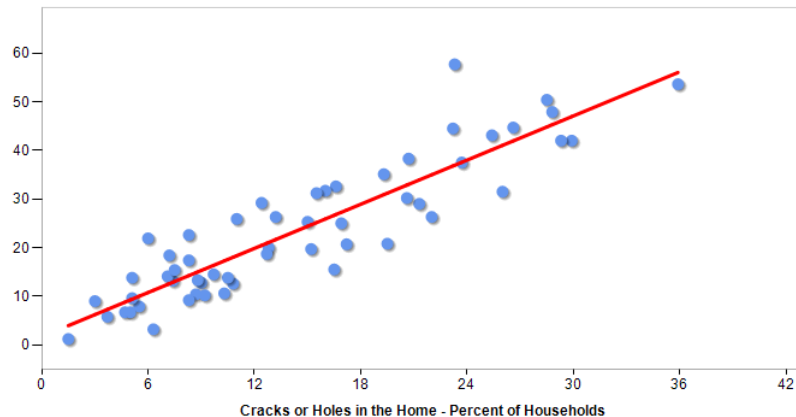
## Pearson Correlation Score

Neighborhood Mice or Rats in the Building (by Household) by Cracks or Holes in the Home

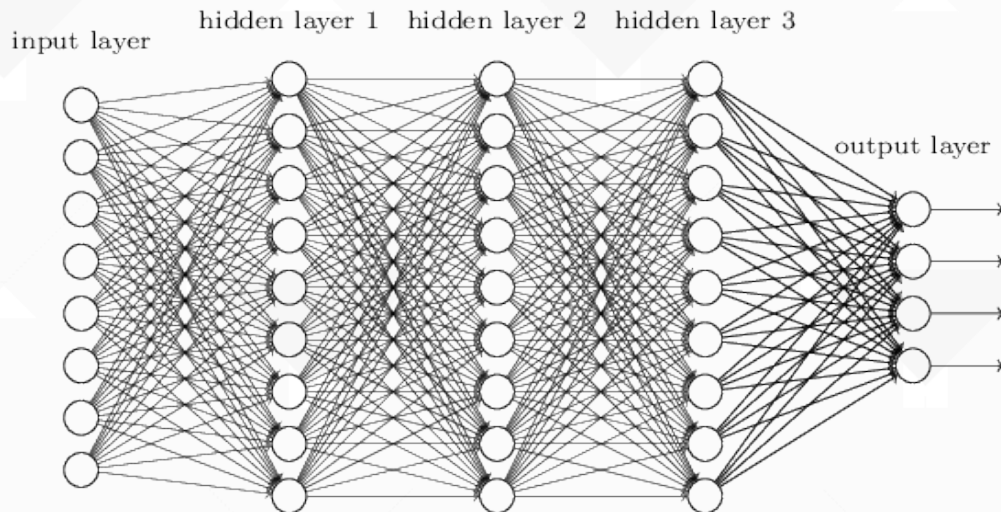
— Regression line

Slope: 1.51; 95% Confidence Limits: 1.31, 1.71; R-Squared Percent = 81%

Y axis: Mice or Rats in the Building (by Household) - Percent of Households

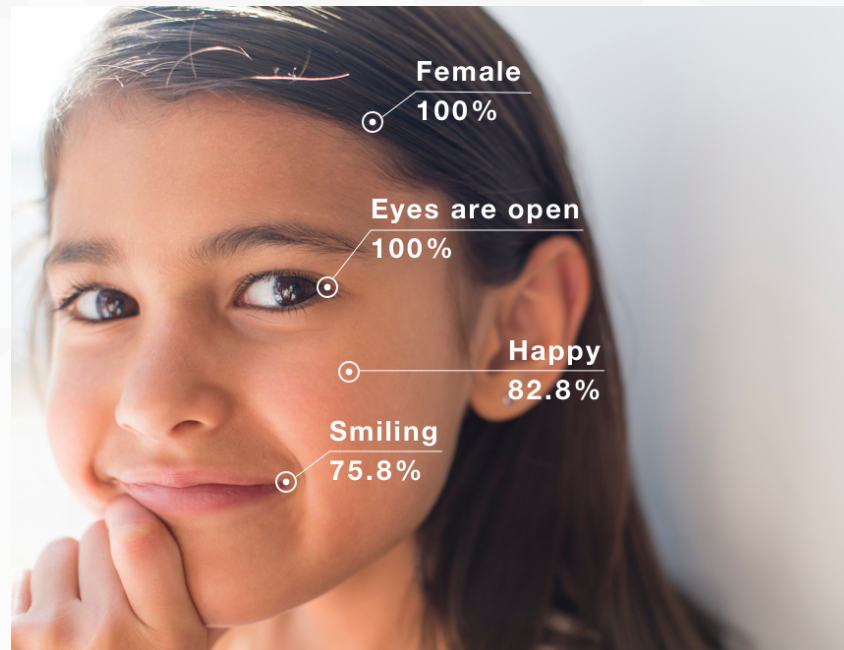


# Convolutional Neural Net



- Convolutional neural nets are a very successful deep learning method.
- Inspired by research showing that the cells in the visual cortex are only responsive to small portions of the visual field - “receptive field”.
- Some cells collect information from small patches – sensitive to edge-like features.
- Other cells collect information from large patches.
- Effectively, these cells are applying convolutional kernels across the visual field.

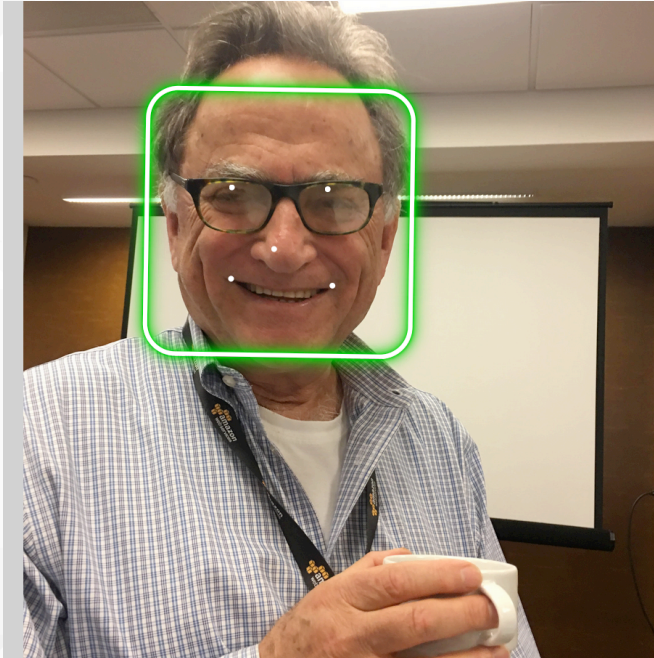
# Amazon Rekognition - Image Detection and Recognition Powered by Deep Learning




<https://aws.amazon.com/rekognition/>

# Amazon Rekognition - Image Detection and Recognition Powered by Deep Learning


DOE Workshop on Future Online Analysis Platform. April 2017



▼ Results

	
looks like a face	99.9%
appears to be male	99.9%
age range	60 - 80 years old
smiling	99.7%
appears to be happy	80%
wearing eyeglasses	99.9%

▼ Results

	
looks like a face	100%
appears to be male	99.9%
age range	45 - 63 years old
smiling	99.1%
appears to be happy	97.1%
wearing eyeglasses	99.9%

<https://aws.amazon.com/rekognition/>

# Automatic Grading of Diabetic Retinopathy through Deep Learning using AWS



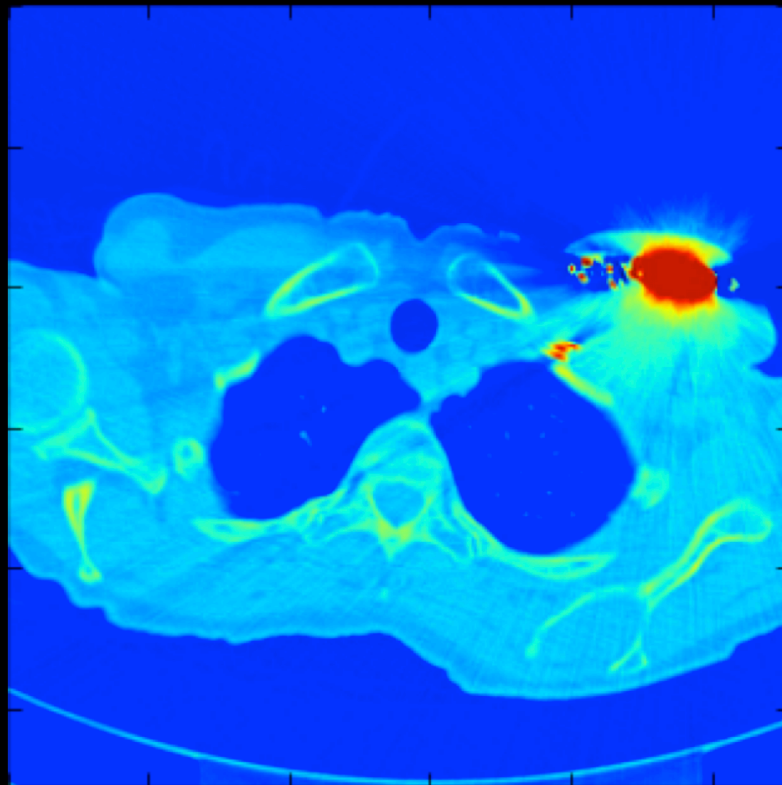
**Early Detection of  
Diabetic Complications**



## **Skin Cancer Detection At Physician-Levels (or better)**



# Lung Cancer Detection With Deep Learning & Medical Imaging



# Amazon Lex

Conversational interfaces for your applications

Powered by the same deep learning technologies as Alexa



*"We are excited about utilizing evolving speech recognition and natural language processing technology to enhance the lives of our customers. Amazon Lex represents a great opportunity for us to deliver a better experience to our patients. Everything we do at OhioHealth is ultimately about providing the right care to our patients at the right time and in the right place. Amazon Lex's next generation technology and the innovative applications we are developing using it will help provide an improved customer experience. We are just scratching the surface of what is possible."*

– Michael Krouse, Senior Vice President Operational Support and Chief Information officer,  
OhioHealth

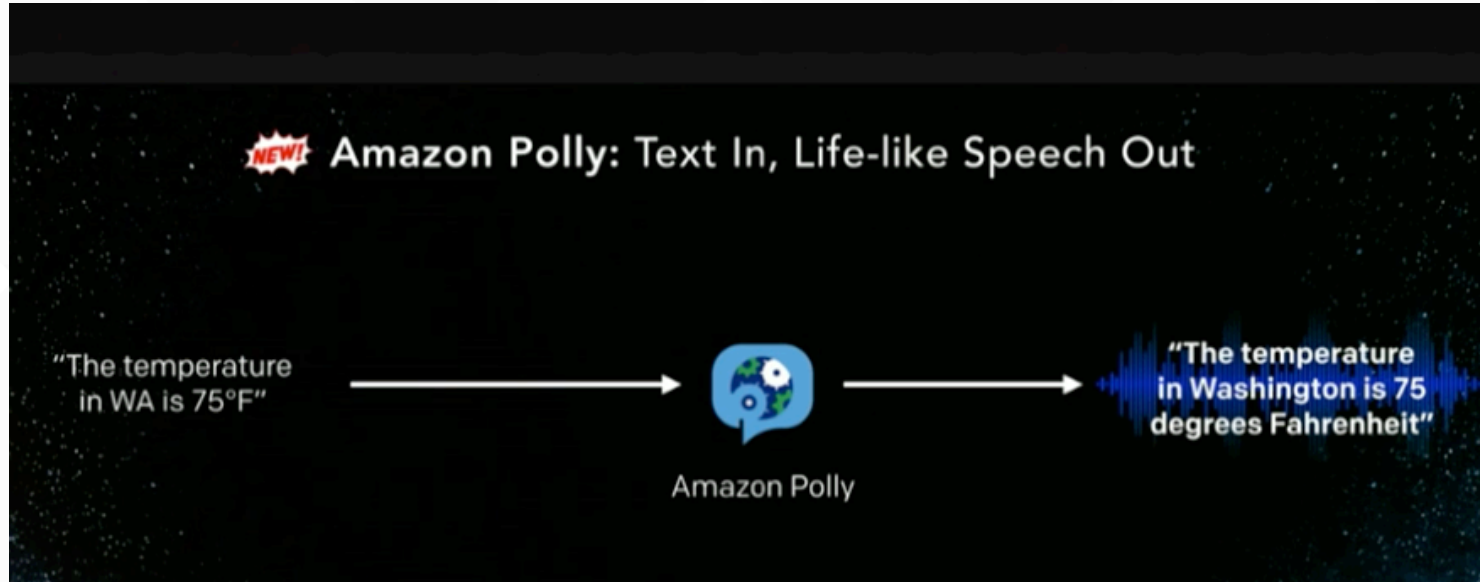
Natural Language Understanding (NLU) & Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR)  
as in Amazon ALEXA - Powered by Deep Learning

<https://aws.amazon.com/lex/>



# Amazon Polly

Turn text into lifelike speech using deep learning



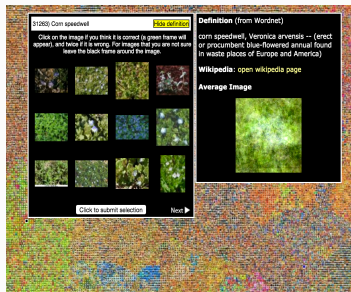
Incorporates ~47 different voices and fully managed services

<https://aws.amazon.com/polly/>

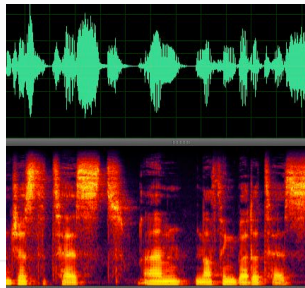
# Deep Learning

Significantly improve many applications on multiple domains

image understanding



speech recognition



natural language processing



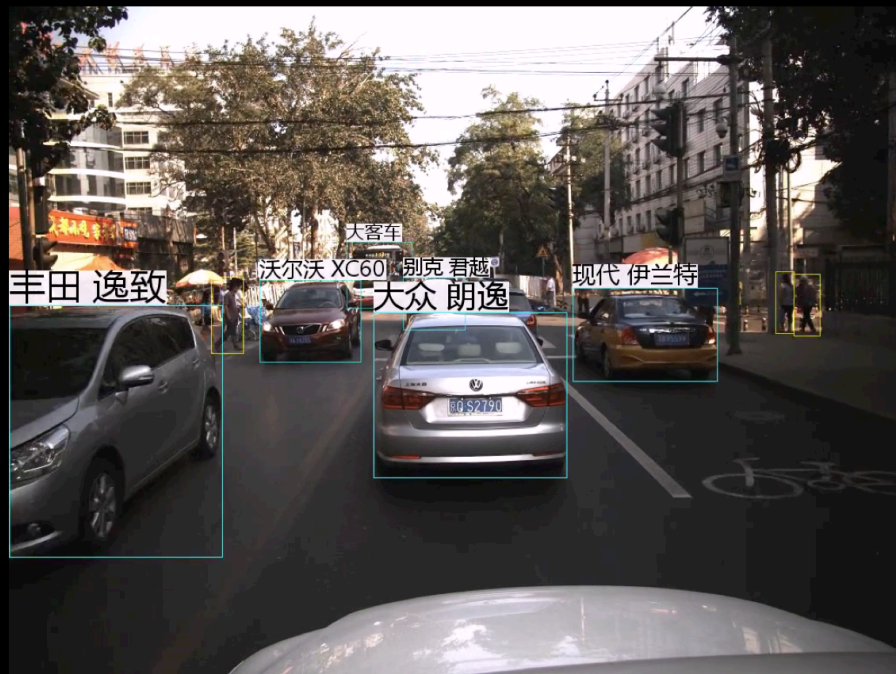
autonomy



“deep learning” trend in the past 10 years



# Autonomous Driving Systems



“The future is here,  
It’s just not evenly distributed yet”

William Gibson

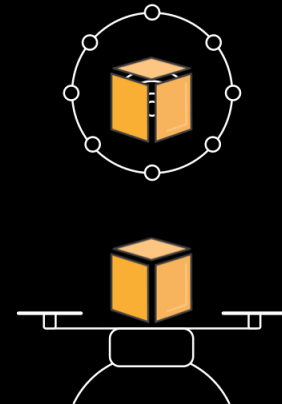
# Amazon AI: Building Intelligent Systems



Model  
Training



Inference  
in the Cloud



Inference  
at the Edge

# Amazon AI: Democratized Artificial Intelligence

Amazon Rekognition    Amazon Polly    Amazon Lex    More to come in 2017

AI Services

Amazon Machine Learning    Amazon Elastic MapReduce    Spark & SparkML    More to come in 2017

AI Platform

Apache MXNet    TensorFlow    Caffe    Torch    Theano    CNTK    Keras

AI Engines



<https://aws.amazon.com/government-education/research-and-technical-computing/nsf-aribd/>

- AWS initiated collaborative program with the National Science Foundation (NSF)
- The program by multiple directorates at NSF, provides funds up to \$26.5 million in addition to \$3 million in AWS Cloud Credits to perform **cutting edge Big Data research on cloud for a period of 3-4 years** (up to 2021)
- **This opens up a venue for collaborative programs with national, federal, and state agencies.**

<https://www.nsf.gov/pubs/2017/nsf17534/nsf17534.htm>



*In today's era of data-driven science and engineering, we are pleased to work with the **AWS Research Initiative via the NSF BIGDATA program to provide cloud resources for our Nation's researchers to foster and accelerate discovery and innovation.***

**Dr. Jim Kurose**, Assistant Director of the National Science Foundation (NSF) for Computer and Information Science and Engineering Directorate (CISE)

# Thank you!

Sanjay Padhi

[sanpadhi@amazon.com](mailto:sanpadhi@amazon.com)