

Communicating with Users

about HTCondor and High Throughput Computing

Lauren Michael, Research Computing Facilitator HTCondor Week 2014

CHTC Services

Center for High Throughput Computing, est. 2006

- Large-scale, campus-shared computing systems
 - campus high-throughput (HTC) grid and performance (HPC) cluster resources

high-

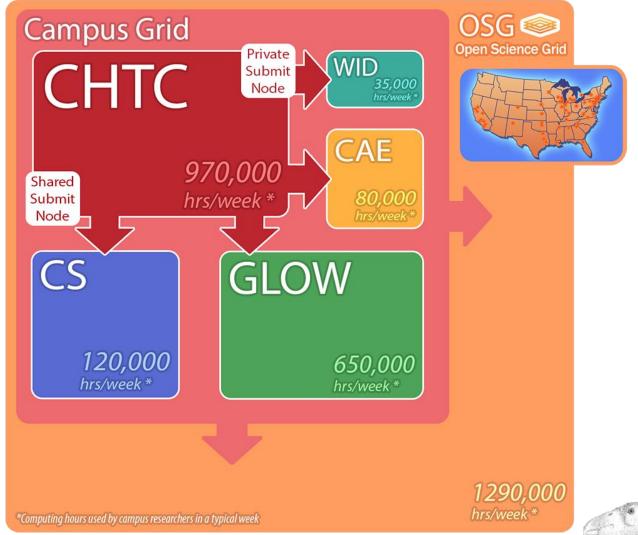
- all standard services provided <u>free-of-charge</u>
- hardware buy-in options priority access
- automatic access to the Open Science Grid (OSG)
- chtc.cs.wisc.edu







Campus HTC Resources





CHTC Services (cont.)

- Support for using our systems
 - consultation services, training, and proposal assistance
 - solutions for numerous software (including Python, Matlab, R)
- Systems design/administration consulting





CHTC Services (cont.)

- Support for using our systems
 - consultation services, training, and proposal assistance
 - solutions for numerous software (including Python, Matlab, R)
- Systems design/administration consulting

HTCondor: CHTC's R&D Arm

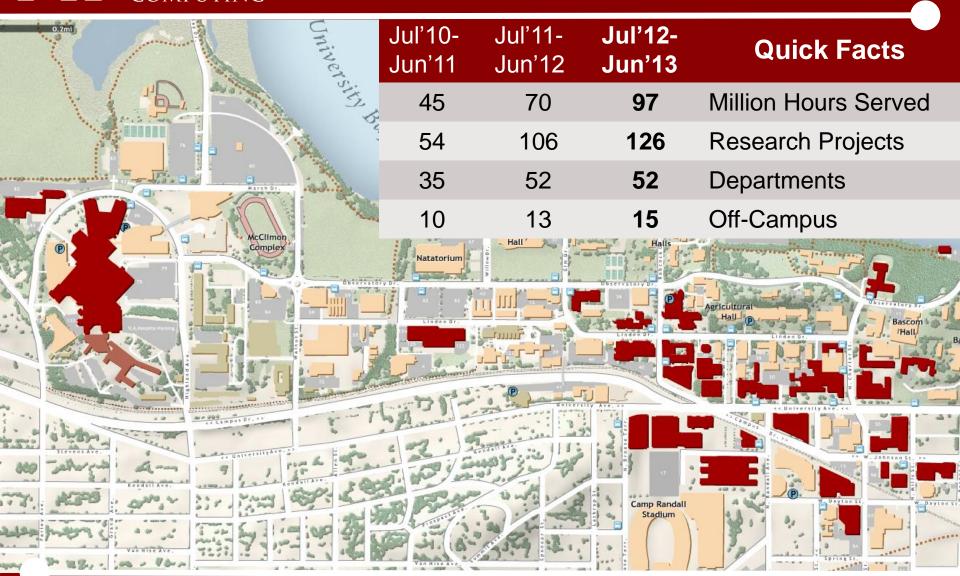
- Services provided to the campus community
 - R&D for HTC Software
 - HTCondor, DAGMan (workflows), Bosco ("MyHTC")
 - Software Engineering Expertise & Consulting
 - Software Testing & Security Consulting



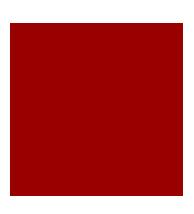


CENTER FOR HIGH THROUGHPUT COMPUTING

http://chtc.cs.wisc.edu



Researchers who use the CHTC are located all over campus (red buildings)



Problem:

Large-scale computing is complex, and not all users speak "computer geek"

Communicating well is hard.

Users are people.





Know Your People

1. What is the person's understanding of relevant terms?

RAM, CPU, node, high-throughput computing (HTC)

2. What relevant experience does the person posses?

unix command line? programming? schedulers?

3. Is the person following what you say?



Cater your communication to the person.

(more difficult - but more IMPORTANT - in email)

Keep things simple.

- -Avoid unnecessary details, but allude to them.
- -Start with the "big picture"

Introduce new vocabulary when <u>necessary</u>.

Define terms. Be consistent.

-Avoid "terms of confusion"





Terms of Confusion: "high level"

Computer Geek:



... of abstraction "bird's eye view" "big picture"

Many Users:



... of complexity ... of detail "advanced"

Terms of Confusion: "high level" alternatives

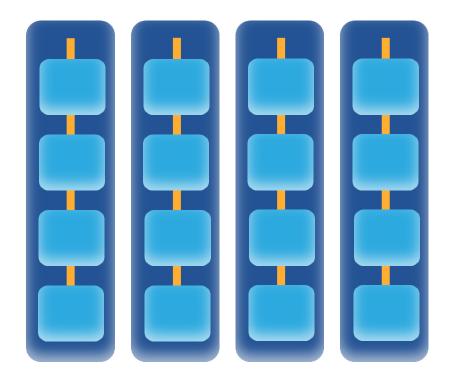
"big picture"
"Basically, ..."
"If we step back ..."

or, just define what you mean

Terms of Confusion: "parallel", "parallel",

high-throughput

high-performance





Terms of Confusion: "parallel" alternatives

"independent tasks" "separate jobs"

-versus-

"parallelize within the program" "multi-thread", "MP", "MPI"

Terms of Confusion: "cluster" – define terms

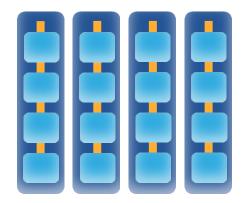
HTCondor \$(cluster)
-oran organized set of hardware?

Terms of Confusion: "iob"

Can be used to describe:

- -a program and what it does
- -an item in the queue
- -all items from a single submit file
- -all items of the same HTCondor "cluster"
- -an entire workflow (DAG)





Terms of Confusion: "job" – define terms first

"Referring to each submit file as a 'batch', and each queued process as a 'job' ..."

"So, your first DAG node submits 10 jobs ...

Terms of Confusion: acronyms, abbrev'ns, and jargon

Wget FTP SLG LDAP TCP **DNS** schedd Startd

Terms of Confusion: acronyms, abbrev'ns, and jargon

Use general terms

Terms of Confusion: other

log process node workflow

Answer the REAL Question

Identify questions that indicate confusion. Is the user asking the *wrong* question?

Anticipate the <u>next</u> or <u>ultimate</u> question. Is the user on the way to bigger ideas?

Focus on solutions and expectations.

In Summary ...

Know your audience! (Users are people)

Provide clear explanations, catered to the individual.

Be aware of "terms of confusion".

Lead the user to their own expanded, accurate understanding.





Communicate about Communication!

Lauren Michael Imichael@wisc.edu