



# *MoSes Projections on a Condor Grid*

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**PACIFIC LIFE**

# *Overview*

- ❖ MoSes modeling environment
- ❖ Pacific Life's workload
- ❖ History
- ❖ Today
- ❖ Going forward



# *MoSes Modeling Environment*

- ❖ Data-intensive financial projections
  - ❖ Up to 300,000 data points
  - ❖ 1,000 stochastic scenarios
- ❖ Intensive mathematical calculations
- ❖ Windows 2003/2008/2008 R2 environment



# *Pacific Life's Workload*

- ❖ Quarterly, monthly, and ad-hoc projections
- ❖ Attribution analysis
- ❖ Sensitivity testing
- ❖ “Scramble” requests
- ❖ “Whoopsies” projections
- ❖ Continuously increasing needs



# *History – MoSes Master/Worker*



- ❖ MoSes Master/Worker Process
  1. Set up model on Master machine
  2. Launch desired number of workers
  3. Run projection
- ❖ Practical limitations on number of workers
- ❖ One Master per projection
- ❖ Ties up resources on the Master machine(s)
- ❖ Model(s) cannot be used during this time

# *Today – CycleServer and Condor*



## ❖ Process

1. Create MoSes “seed”
  2. Run CycleServer “submit” process
- ❖ No need for multiple “Master” machines
  - ❖ No manual launching of workers
  - ❖ Models are free for use during these runs
  - ❖ Trivial to tweak a projection and resubmit
  - ❖ Trivial to duplicate previous projections

# *Common Use Cases*

- ❖ Rerunning problem jobs without starting over
- ❖ Burst submissions for strategic timing
- ❖ Robust attribution analysis
- ❖ Quick sensitivity testing



## *Our Evolving Needs*

- ❖ Original grid size – 100 nodes (1Q 2009)
- ❖ Today – 1024 nodes (4Q 2011)
- ❖ ~50% increase in capacity every 6 months.
- ❖ “High Memory” nodes
- ❖ Retiring old servers to “last resort” usage
- ❖ Amazon Cloud
- ❖ Off-site in-house server pool





# *Looking Ahead*

- ❖ Expanding to desktops
- ❖ Better control of workflow through policy
- ❖ More sophisticated DAGs
- ❖ Using Condor to distribute other workloads
- ❖ Exponential increase in projection needs
- ❖ Advances in technology



# *The Future of Technology*



- ❖ Virtualize the OS for disaster recovery, rapid provisioning and workload migration
- ❖ GP/GPU computing to support nested simulations and significantly reduce host count
- ❖ Infrastructure as a Service to achieve necessary capacity and minimize footprint in company-owned datacenters