Vulnerability and Information Flow Analysis of COTS

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Cost of Software Development Motivates Use of COTS

- High cost of software development
 - increased complexity
 - increasing degree of concurrency
 - increasing quality-assurance demands
 - other factors . . .
- Increased deployment of COTS
- CIP/SW TOPIC #6
 - Protecting COTS from the inside

Advantages and Disadvantages of COTS

- Advantages
 - reduced cost
 - promotes modular design
 - partitions the testing effort
- Disadvantages
 - higher risk of vulnerabilities
 - general quality-assurance issues



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WiSA: Don't Deploy COTS Without It

- We have proposed the <u>Wi</u>sconsin <u>Safety</u> <u>Analyzer</u>
 - vulnerability and
 - information flow analysis of COTS
- Develop technology for static analysis of binaries
- Investigate applications

Trusted verification services





Benefits to DoD

- Reduces risk of deploying COTS
- Capable of discovering vulnerabilities in COTS
 - safety related
 - information-flow related
- Assign assurance levels to COTS components

WiSA Requirements

- <u>Requirement 1</u>
 - cannot mandate that all COTS packages will be written in the same language
 - source code for COTS frequently not available
 ... analysis of binaries/multi-lingual techniques
- <u>Requirement 2</u>
 - safety depends on context
 - desire to specify
 - discretionary access control
 - mandatory access control
 - ... need an expressive specification language

WiSA Requirements

<u>Requirement 3</u>

- there are tradeoffs between scalability & precision
 - generally: efficiency vs. precision
 - but sometimes: more precise = more efficient
- ... tunable precision

<u>Requirement 4</u>

- wish to analyze compositions of COTS packages
- ∴ rely-guarantee reasoning and reason about compositions of vulnerabilities and constructing attack graphs

Initial Focus

- Our initial focus is on analyzing x86 binaries
- Reasons
 - high impact
 - several viruses written for the x86 platform
 - rich language
 - several hard analysis issues will be dealt with
 - can reuse architecture and experience in other settings
- partially addresses requirement 1

Malcious Code Detection as a Two Player Game

- "vanilla" virus easy to detect
- virus writers are obfuscators
 - Mihai will talk about several obfuscation transformations
 - example
 - encrypt the virus
 - distribute the virus over a large program
- virus detectors are deobfuscators
 - goal is reconstruct the "vanilla" virus from the obfuscated programs
 - static analysis helps in deobfuscation

Analysis Architecture



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IDA Pro

- Decompilation tool
- Supports several executable file formats like COFF, ELF
- Gather as much information as possible
 e.g. Names of functions, parameters to functions
- Is extensible through a built-in C like language

Codesurfer

- A program understanding tool
- Analyzes the data and control dependencies
 stores in System Dependence Graph
 (SDG)
 - Helpful in static analysis
- Provides a API to access the information stored in SDG
- The API can be extended

CodeSurfer System Architecture



Other infrastructure: command-line, preprocessor, include-file instances, library, and loader support

Various Activities

- Infrastructure
 - general infrastructure for analyzing binaries
 - example
 - Gogul Balakrishnan (advisor: Tom Reps)
 - general template for performing data analysis in Codesurfer
 - used template to perform live variable analysis
 - points-to analysis for assembly code
 - understanding IDAPro internals
 - IDAPro performs a variety of analysis on binaries
 - Mihai Christodorescu (advisor: Somesh Jha)
 - investigating the IDAPro SDK

Safety Properties (Requirement 2)

- default safety conditions
 - No type violations
 - No buffer overruns 🛶
 - No misaligned loads/stores
 - No uses of uninitialized variables
 - No invalid pointer dereferences
 - No unsafe interaction with the host
- customizable safety properties
 - model checking of binaries ←
 - applications: smart virus scanning

Various Activities

- Specialized analysis of binaries
 - analysis for discovering buffer overruns
 - Note: >40% of vulnerabilities in the CERT database due to buffer overrun
 - Vinod Ganapathy (advisor: Somesh Jha)
 - exploring linear programming
 - Mihai Christorescu (advisor: Somesh Jha)
 - model checking of binaries
 - application: improved scanning for viruses

Model checking of binaries



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The Need for Context Sensitivity



The Need for Context Sensitivity



Analyzing Composition of COTS (Requirement 4)

- Large system composed of several components
 - (step 1) analyze individual components
 - (step 2) use vulnerabilities found in step 1 to find attacks on the entire system
- Leverage ongoing work
 - joint work with J. Wing and O. Sheyner (CMU)
 - discover attacks in a network
 - hosts "like" components
 - network "like" system

Applications of static analysis of binaries

- Applications of static analysis
 - smart virus scanning
- Secure remote execution
 - job A moves to host B (possibly malicious)
 - system calls sent to the local machine C
 - protect C from B maliciously manipulating A
 - Jon Giffin (advisors: Somesh Jha, Bart Miller)

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