



Condor to Every Corner of Campus

Condor Week 2010

TeraGrid™

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- Campus Grids
- Condor Nests at Purdue
 - Central Clusters
 - Computing Labs
 - Departmental Resources
 - TeraGrid
- Budget Realities in 2010
 - IT Cost Reduction
- Spreading Wings Across Campus
 - Making Condor Easy for IT
 - Dashboard
- Virtualization
 - VMGlide

Campus Grids

- Open Science Grid Campus Grids Workshop held in January
 - Identified themes common to many Campus Grid implementations
 - Barriers are often diplomatic rather than technological
- At the core, a campus grid is a way for an institution to **share resources**, and **maximize its investment** in computing
 - Many different ways to share resources
 - Purdue, FermiGrid, GLOW, others all implement in their own way

<http://www.isgtw.org/?pid=1002447>

Community Clusters

- Purdue's model for resource sharing begins here
- Peace of Mind
 - Professional systems administration so faculty and graduate students can concentrate on research.
- Low Overhead
 - Central data center provides infrastructure such as networking, storage, racks, **floor space, cooling,** and power.
- Cost Effective
 - Works with vendors to obtain the best price for computing resources, pooling funds from different disciplines to leverage **greater group purchasing power.**
 - Large purchases also leveraged for departmental server acquisitions

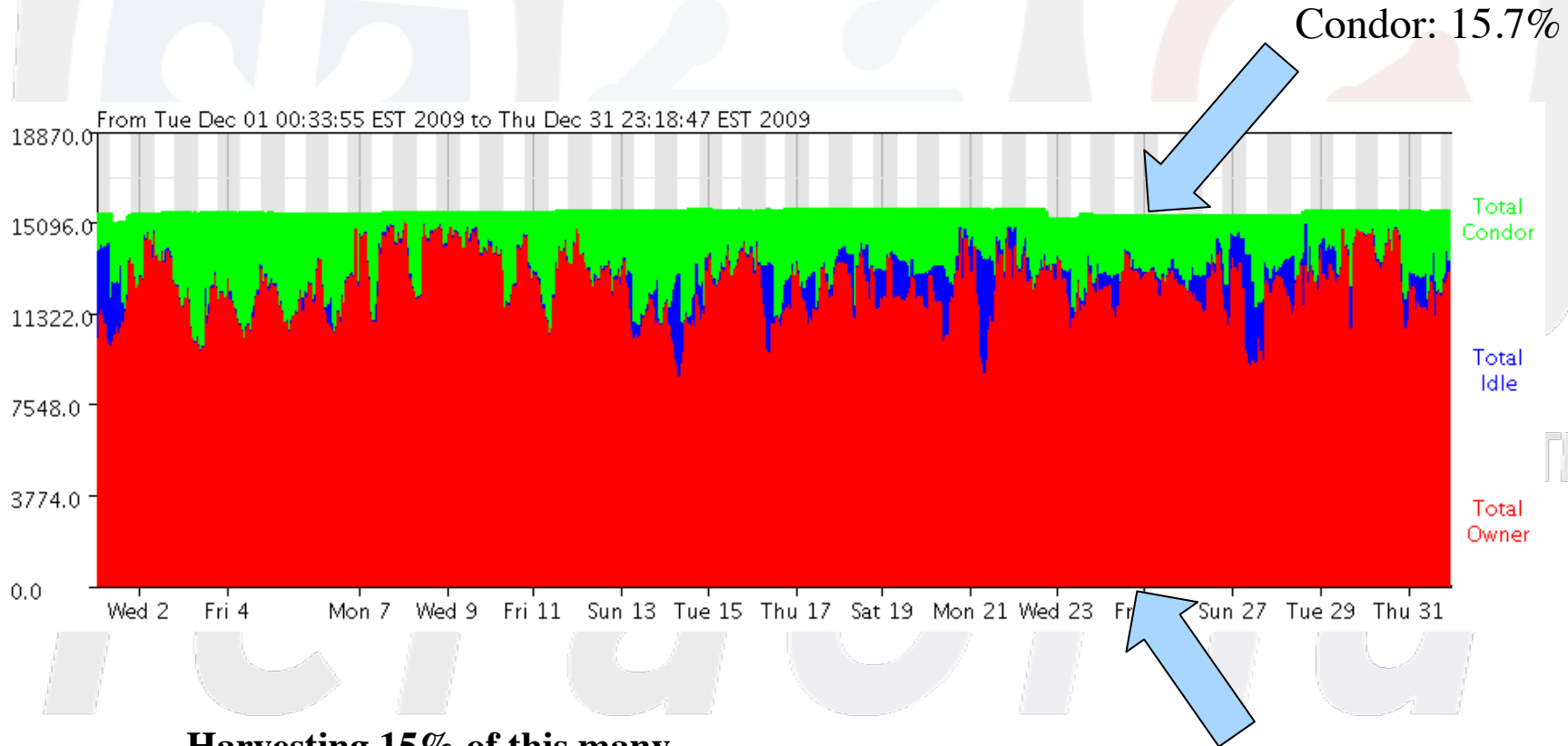
Community Clusters

- Backfilling on idle HPC cluster nodes
 - Condor runs on idle cluster nodes (nearly 16,000 cores today) when a node isn't busy with PBS (primary scheduler) jobs



Central Cluster Usage

- Maximizing value from investment



Harvesting 15% of this many machines' availability is 22 million potential hours per year!

PBS: 81%

Student Labs

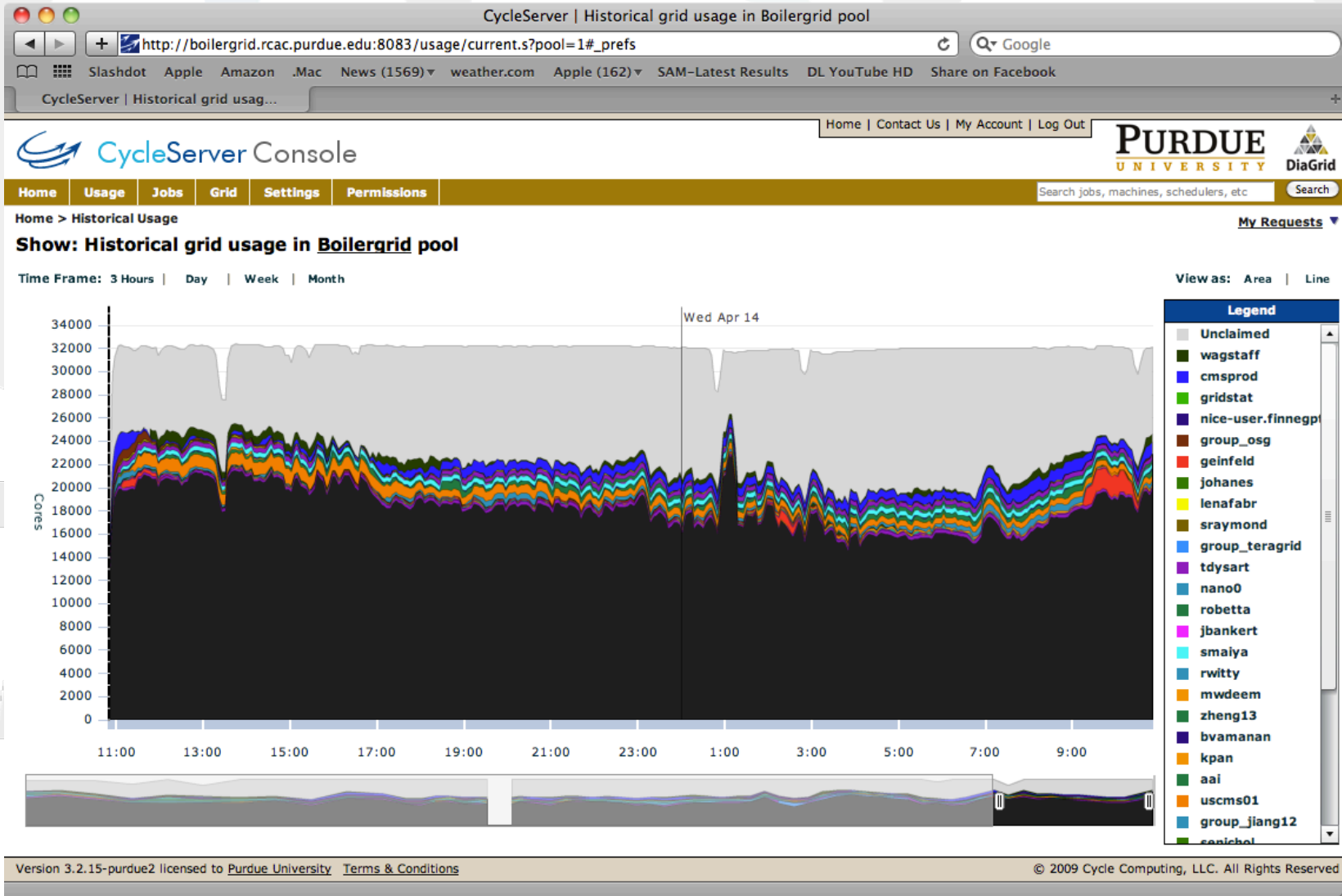
- ITaP operates nearly 2000 lab machines used in classrooms, general student labs, and for departments.
 - Nearly 6000 cores among those 2000 machines



Distributed IT

- Less than half of IT at Purdue is centralized
 - Remainder is in individual colleges and departments
 - 27,317 desktop machines at West Lafayette, relatively few of which are operated by ITaP
- Many of these islands of IT are quite large
 - Agriculture, Computer Science, Engineering, Management, Physical Facilities, Liberal Arts, Education™
 - 1000+ machines each
 - Many of these IT organizations are in the Condor Grid already
 - But many are not...

This is where the room for growth is!



- Purdue provides the campus Condor pool to the nation via the TeraGrid
 - 50% of jobs on TeraGrid in 2004-2006 were single-CPU
 - Of those, 64% ran for an hour or less
 - (Arvind Gopu of Indiana University – TG'07)
- Robetta gateway, many others regularly use Purdue Condor on TeraGrid™
- Condor will continue to be a TeraGrid resource through the end of the TeraGrid project

Blah Blah Blah

- You say "Sure, we've heard all this before.. What's new?"

*TeraGrid*TM

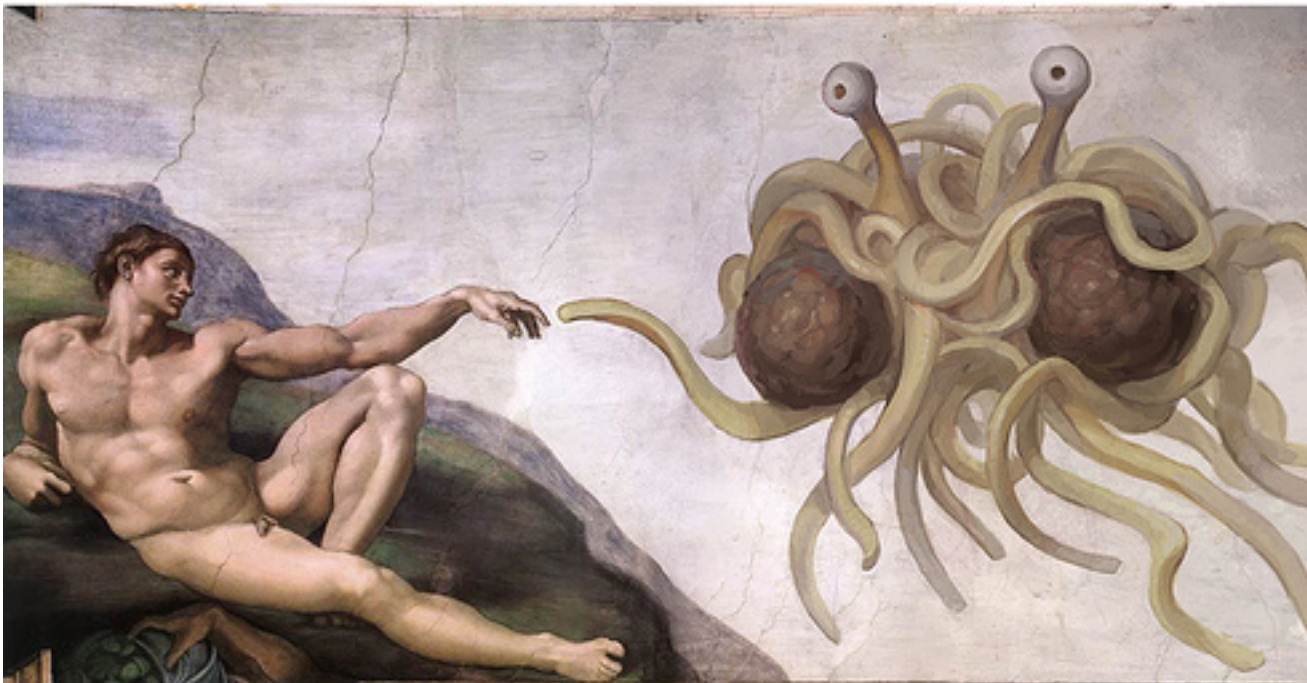
State Budgets in 2010

- A common conversation on campuses today
 - Higher Ed in Indiana has been directed to reduce budget by 5.5%
- At Purdue, we have been given the following charge for IT:
 - “Identifying cost savings approaches that will generate at least \$15M recurring over time while providing high quality information technology (IT) services to meet the University’s strategic goals.”
 - Data Centers
 - Computer Labs
 - Power Savings
 - Strategic Sourcing for Purchasing

What does this have to do with Condor?

- The Campus Grid ties into several of these areas
 - Data Centers
 - Building community clusters instead of private ones, and then **maximizing usage** with Condor
 - Computer Labs
 - Centralize management of labs – and **run Condor** on the machines
 - Strategic Sourcing in purchasing
 - For example, **community cluster** purchase for good pricing
 - Power Savings
 - Virtualized data centers, **power off** idle computers
 - “Power credits” for running Condor

- Recommendations from committee report
 - “Thou shalt turn off thy computer or install Condor and join the Campus Grid”
 - “Thou should power-save your machines and we should find tools to manage their waking-up”



*id*TM

- The Blue-Ribbon committee making recommendations probably didn't know this..
- But this **also** sounds like a job for Condor!
 - Killing two "birds" with one stone
 - Add machines to the Campus Grid – harvest the cycles, as already recommended
 - Power-save machines by a policy
 - Wake them up when needed



Now What?

- Currently a “recommendation”, not quite a “policy” yet
- What happens when it becomes a policy?
 - The bet is that IT folks won't want to shut their machines down overnight
 - software distribution
 - Expect a tsunami



How to Prepare?

- Host periodic on-campus Condor “Boot camp” for users and sysadmins
 - These are very much like the User and Administrator tutorials many of you were in yesterday
 - (Thanks to the Condor team for letting us base things off of their materials)
- Ease of deployment
 - Provide pre-configured binaries
 - Windows, Linux (RHEL, Debian, Ubuntu, Fedora)
- Configurability
 - Centrally managing Condor Configurations on machines with distributed ownership
 - ... while leaving configuration also in the hands of the machine’s owners
- **Machine owners need to be confident that they remain in control of how their machines are used.**
 - **Condor is perfect for this!**
- Scoreboard:
 - “My Dean wants to know how much work our machines have provided”
 - The president asks how much work her individual machine has done
- Security questions?

Manageability

- So, given:
 - Thousands upon thousands of Windows lab machines, or all sorts of machines around campus that my staff don't administratively control..
- How do we manage Condor on them?



PLUG ALERT

- We use Cycle Computing's CycleServer
- VM appliances are configured to report in to CycleServer for management
- As are the native OS installers that we distribute

Managing Configurations Around Campus

The screenshot displays the CycleServer Console interface. The main navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Usage', 'Jobs', 'Grid', 'Settings', and 'Permissions'. The current page is 'Machine Configuration', and a modal dialog titled 'Editing Template: TLT' is open. The dialog shows the following configuration details:

- Template name:** TLT
- Available sections:** Add an existing section: [dropdown] [Create a new section](#)
- Sections in the template:**
 - tlt_common**

```
DAEMON_LIST = MASTER, STAMTD
UPDATE_COLLECTOR_WITH_TCP = TRUE
ELAST_DB = "\\samba.rzac.purdue.edu\blastdb"
STAMTD_EXPRS = ELAST_DB, $(STAMTD_EXPRS)
```
 - hostallow_boilergrid**

```
HOSTALLOW_ADMINISTRATOR = $(CONDOR_HOST), boilergrid.rzac.purdue.edu
```
- Comments:** [text input field]

Buttons for 'Save' and 'Cancel' are located at the bottom right of the dialog.

CycleServer | Purdue University Grid

http://boilergrid.rcac.purdue.edu:8083/dashboard.s

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CycleServer Console

Purdue University Grid

Contributor Ranking

Last Day | Last Week | Last Month | Last Year

Filter:

Contributor	▲ Curr Slots	Avg Slots	CPU Time Provided
ITaP - Instructional Labs	243	244	2y 34d 11h 55m
ITaP - Other	2	2	3d 1h 45m
ITaP - Research Clusters	2624	3097	26y 220d 7h 15m
izaguirr	0	1	2d 18h 5m
Krannert School of Management	0	6	1d 21h 45m
mnlemier	0	4	10d 13h 15m
semrich	0	11	32d 2h 45m
striegel	0	21	4d 18h 30m

Contributions

Time Frame: 3 Hours | Day | Week | Month

View as: Area | Line

Total Grid Usage

Time Frame: 3 Hours | Day | Week | Month

View as: Area | Line

Legend

- wagstaff
- cmsprod
- nice-user.finnegp
- group_osg
- inca
- geinfeld
- bioport
- johanes
- lenafabr
- sraymond

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Done

F A'd Qs about Security

- Can any ding-dong submit any code to my machine?
 - No – only specific machines with access limited to people with Purdue Career Accounts run a schedd
- Ok, fine, but what if they submit something nasty to our machine?
 - Then we know who they are and go club them with the appropriate IT policies.
- What about data on our faculty members' workstations Is it safe? Could a job steal it?
 - Well, maybe. Are their file permissions set appropriately?

- College of Engineering asks –
 - Can we sandbox Condor jobs away from the execution host?
- We think “sure” – and it’ll also make those Windows boxes more generally useful.
 - **Maximizing investment again**



Condor in VM appliances



- Many ways to skin that cat
 - CoLinux from several years ago
 - Marquette from a few minutes ago
 - Condor as a virtual machine manager from a few minutes before that
- Some effort spent similar to what Marquette's doing
- But mostly on what we've dubbed VM-Glide
 - Using Condor to submit VM "nodes" as jobs to the lab machines
 - Lab machines run VMWare workstation –
 - Which is ok for Universities to use for "instruction and research" and for "grid and utility computing" if you enroll in a partner program

VM-Glide

- Our solution is based on the Grid Appliance infrastructure from Florida's ACIS lab
- IPOP P2P network fabric
 - Solves NAT issues and IP space problems that come with bridged networking
 - No requirement for single VPN router to connect real network with the virtual overlay network.
 - See talk from Condor Week 2009
- We only need to run IPOP services (a userland application) on all central submit nodes to access nodes in the virtual pool

How well did this work?

- Set up a dedicated schedd with lots of disk to hand out VMs to student labs
 - (Fast) disk is important – checkpointing memory adds up!
- Configure lab machines to claim the entire machine when a single VM Universe job runs
 - Apparently users notice when 4 or more VMs try and evict when they sit down
- Now we're cooking – got nearly 1000 VMs running in labs over a weekend
 - All of which are running user jobs
 - IPOP fabric holds up great

So, you run this
all the time now, right?

- Well, not quite
 - Even with just 1 VM per machine, vacating is still noticeable by the end users
 - Lab admins say: “Maybe it’s the 100Mbit connection the machines are on”.
- After we cried a little inside..
 - How to deal with this?
 - Use squids local to labs to cache VM images?
 - Nope, the lab network architecture doesn’t lend to that
 - Pre-stage VMs on machines and just start with Condor?
 - Nope, VM-GAHP doesn’t actually let you do that.
 - Upgrade network in labs?
 - Cost-prohibitive – switch gear is old enough that it’s not gigabit capable

Next steps?

- Fortunately, a campus network upgrade is in progress
 - With new switches, will benchmark again
- Lab admins enabling vt support in BIOS
 - Allow for 64-bit VMs (more jobs want this)
 - Will probably make VMWare run faster, too
- Pre-stage VMs
 - Hack the VM-GAHP to start pre-staged VMs
 - Or use a file transfer plugin to copy from local hard drive

What's Next

- We expect to add Condor to machines from all across campus
 - And system-wide..
- We hope to use Condor as the tool to manage power on machines across campus
- Virtualization of compute environments will be a key characteristic of this environment
 - In labs and desktops, as well as on cluster nodes (KVM)

Thanks to the Condor Team for all the Software!

The End

Questions?
<http://www.rcac.purdue.edu>